



**University of
Zurich**^{UZH}

**Zurich Open Repository and
Archive**

University of Zurich
University Library
Strickhofstrasse 39
CH-8057 Zurich
www.zora.uzh.ch

Year: 2011

Deep brain stimulation in parkinsonian patients — ethical evaluation of cognitive, affective, and behavioral sequelae

Müller, S ; Christen, M

Abstract: Deep brain stimulation (DBS) of the subthalamic nucleus (STN) is an important therapeutic advancement for the treatment of Parkinson's disease (PD). Its beneficial effects on motor functions are well established, but its cognitive, affective, and behavioral sequelae come increasingly into the focus of the medical and ethical discussion. In order to evaluate whether these side effects may counteract the beneficial effects of STN DBS on the patient's quality of life, we classify them along the dimensions "measurement complexity" and "weighted life-impact." Based on this analysis, we discuss their ethical impact and propose guidelines for the clinical setting of STN DBS.

DOI: <https://doi.org/10.1080/21507740.2010.533151>

Posted at the Zurich Open Repository and Archive, University of Zurich

ZORA URL: <https://doi.org/10.5167/uzh-55241>

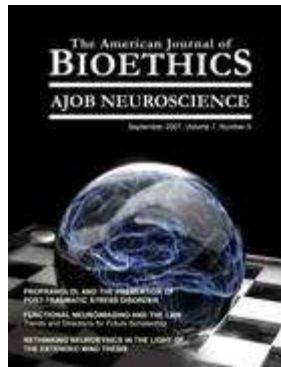
Journal Article

Accepted Version

Originally published at:

Müller, S; Christen, M (2011). Deep brain stimulation in parkinsonian patients — ethical evaluation of cognitive, affective, and behavioral sequelae. *AJOB Neuroscience*, 2(1):3-13.

DOI: <https://doi.org/10.1080/21507740.2010.533151>



Dealing with Side Effects of Deep Brain Stimulation: Lessons Learned from Stimulating the STN

Journal:	<i>AJOB Neuroscience Journal</i>
Manuscript ID:	UABN-2011-0047.R1
Manuscript Type:	Target Article
Keywords:	Deep Brain Stimulation, psychiatry, Harm, Neuroethics, Neurosurgery

SCHOLARONE™
Manuscripts

1
2
3
4
5
6
7
8
9
10
11
12
13
14
15
16
17
18
19
20
21
22
23
24
25
26
27
28
29
30
31
32
33
34
35
36
37
38
39
40
41
42
43
44
45
46
47
48
49
50
51
52
53
54
55
56
57
58
59
60

Dealing with Side Effects of Deep Brain Stimulation: Lessons Learned from Stimulating the STN

Abstract

Deep brain stimulation (DBS) is increasingly investigated as a therapy for psychiatric disorders. In the ethical evaluation of this novel approach, incidence and impact of side effects (SE) play a key role. In our contribution, we analyze the discussion on SE of DBS of the subthalamic nucleus (STN) – a standard therapy for movement disorders like Parkinson’s disease (PD) – based on 66 case reports, 69 review papers, and 347 outcome studies from 1993 to 2009. We show how the DBS community increasingly acknowledged the complexity of STN-DBS side effects. Then we discuss the issue of study quality and the methods used to assess SE. We note that some side effects are subject of conflicting evaluations by the different stakeholders involved. This complicates the ethical controversy inherent in any novel treatments for diseases that involve psychiatric aspects. We delineate how the lessons from STN-DBS could guide future DBS applications in the field of psychiatry.

Key words: Deep brain stimulation, psychiatry, Parkinson’s disease, subthalamic nucleus, side effects, neuroethics.

Introduction

Since the advent of medicine, the maxim “do not harm your patient” forms the core of the ethos for physicians. This is reflected in the principle of nonmaleficence as one of the four principles of biomedical ethics (Beauchamp & Childress 2009). Nevertheless, it is broadly acknowledged that harmful side effects (SE) of therapies have to be weighed up against their beneficial effects. The deliberation of harms and benefits becomes more difficult if side effects of novel therapeutic approaches have to be considered, of which nature, extent, and incidence are not yet known.

Deep brain stimulation (DBS) is an example for a novel therapeutic approach. Its roots go back to the early 1950s (Hariz et al. 2010), and it emerged in its current form in the 1980s as an alternative for ablative surgery in movement disorders and an experimental therapy in chronic pain (Siegfried & Blons 1997). DBS became an established therapy for Parkinson’s disease (PD) and other movement disorders in the last decade (Benabid et al. 2009). Side effects have been discussed since the advent of DBS, but the sensibility for them and the appreciation of their complexity is increasing. This also reflects the maturation of the therapy.

The term ‘side effect’ does not provide *per se* an ethical orientation how to deal with a specific therapy. Therefore terms like ‘adverse events’ or ‘sequelae’ (adverse events that count as long-term negative consequences) should be avoided as long as the negative evaluation of the side effect is not clear. For evaluating particular side effects, they can be classified along the two dimensions predictability and evaluation (Table 1).

INSERT TABLE 1

Table 1: Ethical requirements depending on the predictability and the evaluation of the side effects of a therapy.

As Table 1 shows, only one type of side effects (predictable and clearly outweighing the benefits) bears the clear “ethical message” that the therapy should not be applied or that research on this therapy should be stopped. Thus, the determination of what counts as an adverse event involves both a measurement problem and an evaluation problem which can be entangled in the process of developing the therapy (Müller & Christen 2011). DBS for PD patients is a paradigmatic example for outlining that problem, since first the predictability of side effects for individual patients is difficult, second the evaluation of some side effects differs significantly between patients, their relatives and physicians (Müller & Christen 2011), and third both the disease (Kulisevsky et al. 2008) and alternative therapeutic approaches (medication or surgery, see Voon et al. 2006 and Olanow 2002) may involve similar effects as DBS.

The following investigation is based on a comprehensive literature analysis of the research literature on DBS in the nucleus subthalamicus (STN), the preferred target for DBS in PD. This analysis covers 66 case reports, 69 review papers, and 347 outcome studies from 1993 to 2009 that emerged from an extensive search in the following databases: CPCI-S, Embase, Francis, Medline, PsychINFO and SCI-expanded (the reference lists are available as supporting online material).

As the STN is part of various thalamo-cortical circuits (Marani et al 2008), the relatively high incidence of cognitive and affective side effects after STN DBS compared to other DBS targets is not surprising (Hariz et al. 2008). The way the DBS community dealt with this issue is thus a paradigmatic case for analyzing SE measurement and evaluation in the course of the establishment of novel therapies. Understanding this process may support the ethical analysis of the current application of DBS to a variety of psychiatric disorders (for an overview about psychiatric DBS see Krack et al. 2010).

The complexity of adverse events

Since the early 1990s, the STN was investigated as a potential DBS target both in animal and clinical studies. In 1993, the first case was published in a French journal (Pollak et al. 1993). Several case reports and outcome studies followed, and since the late 1990s the number of publications on STN-DBS has increased steadily (Müller & Christen 2011). The number of STN-DBS related issues discussed in the literature has grown rapidly, whereas a bibliometric investigation demonstrated that case reports spearhead the transdisciplinary communication about DBS (Christen & Müller 2011).

To handle the complexity of issues that are discussed in our literature body of 482 STN-DBS publications, we have sorted them into 18 issue classes (Table 2). For each class, we have evaluated all tests used in the outcome literature to measure the respective phenomena and the wording used to describe the corresponding SE. Note that not each issue class is directly related to SE. This is true especially for studies on the neuronal basis of DBS effects (usually investigated by PET) or about the cost-effectiveness of DBS. Furthermore, the boundaries between some issue classes are less clear and required predefinitions. For example, we have classified studies about language fluency as ‘cognitive’ (in accordance with the current neuropsychological understanding).

Each publication (case report, review, outcome study) was attributed to one or several issue classes with regard to the topics discussed and the methods used. Thereby we did not take into account possible causal relations between certain issues. For example, many issues have an

impact on the quality of life (Q). Nevertheless, a study whose, e.g., primary focus was insomnia was only classified as ‘I’, not as ‘Q’. For analyzing the time course of the publication praxis, it was necessary to build bigger groups. Therefore we have grouped the 18 issue classes into four groups as follows:

- 1. Group: Understanding therapeutic effects: F, M, V
- 2. Group: Medical and technical intervention issues: O, P, T
- 3. Group: Main affective, behavioral and cognitive side effects of DBS: B, C, D, L, Q
- 4. Group: Other issues: A, E, I, K, N, S, W

INSERT TABLE 2

Table 2: Issue classes of therapeutic effects and side effects present in the STN-DBS literature. Only selected examples of side effects using the wording found in the publications are displayed.

The histogram in Fig. 1 shows the time-course of the different groups of issues in the DBS literature. The absolute numbers of publications per year belonging to one of the four issue groups are displayed for the years 1993 to 2009. The analysis reveals that – after the first, pioneering years with very few studies – issues on main affective, behavioral and cognitive side effects quickly appeared in the literature and became the dominant group since 2003. This finding is corroborated by an analysis of DBS posters presented at conferences (Christen & Müller 2011). Although one has to take into account that this analysis is not sensible for the valuation of these effects (i.e. whether they are considered to be unproblematic or not), this finding somehow contrasts with several statements in the literature, that the DBS community would often ignore the neurobehavioral consequences of the therapy (e.g., Burn & Tröster 2004).

INSERT FIGURE 1

Figure 1: The histogram displays the total number of issues (compare with Table 2) addressed in the publications about STN-DBS (case reports, reviews, and outcome studies) pooled in four groups (Group 1: F, M, V / Group 2: O, P, T / Group 3: B, C, D, L, Q / Group 4: A, E, I, K, N, S, W; see text).

Quality of STN-DBS studies

The sensibility for novel side effects in the process of maturation of a novel therapy is a critical issue – and we may say that the DBS community has passed this test successfully. Another issue is the quality of the studies. Although it is well-known that novel therapies start with isolated case studies that usually lack quality criteria like randomization or blinding, at some point the urge for better studies is raised. DBS did not deviate from this development path, and various authors have discussed the issue of study quality (e.g. Woods et al. 2006) and proposed standards for improving study quality (e.g. Morrison et al. 2000). We investigated the study quality for all outcome studies that involved at least one issue of group 3 (i.e.: B, C, D, L, or Q). For that, we expanded the criteria for level of evidence assignment proposed by Martinez-Martin & Deuschl (2007) using a rating system that involves several aspects being considered as relevant for study quality (e.g. regarding follow-up time) by the DBS community.ⁱ

As Fig. 2.a demonstrates, the quality range of the studies is broad. Somewhat surprising is the fact that the mean quality of the outcome studies did not increase significantly since 2000

(Fig. 2.b; earlier studies were not taken into account due to their low numbers). Although the absolute number of high quality studies of group 3 has increased, they are shrouded by the also increasing number of outcome studies of poor quality.

This absent increase of the average study quality is not *per se* problematic, as long as the community is able to differ between good and poor studies. To investigate whether this is the case, we calculated a citation coefficient based on DBS review papers about the outcome studies of group 3.ⁱⁱ Then we performed a correlation analysis of the relationship of this citation coefficient and the quality rating for each study. The result is a (weak) positive correlation of the citation coefficient with the quality rating (Pearson's correlation coefficient: 0.29). That means that high quality papers tend to be cited more often in the reviews. This can be interpreted as a hint for a higher appreciation of high quality studies of group 3 by the DBS community.

INSERT FIGURE 2

Figure 2: (a) Quality rating distribution of the outcome studies of group 3, (b) time-course of the mean quality rating of outcome studies (group 3), (c) correlation between the citation coefficient of studies (which reflects the appreciation of papers by the authors of reviews) with the quality rating of the studies. The chart also includes the linear approximation of the correlation.

Measuring Adverse Events

After investigating the attention for side effects of group 3 and the quality of the studies investigating them, we investigated a third issue: To what extent do the studies capture “relevant” side effects, i.e. those reflecting serious ethical issues (see Table 1). This point requires a closer look to the methods and tests used in the outcome studies. We listed all tests used in the 347 outcome studies and attributed them to one of the 18 issue groups. Far most of the tests were assigned to one of the five issue classes B, C, D, L, and Q (group 3), whereas the internal distribution is very uneven. Fig. 3.a demonstrates that more than half of all methods applied are tests regarding cognitive issues. Also the number of uses of the tests themselves is remarkably uneven. Only very few tests are used regularly. Furthermore, the probability that a test is used in a study for neuropsychological outcome assessment does not correspond completely to the four standards proposed in the literature (Defer et al. 1999, Saint-Cyr et al. 2000, Morrison et al. 2000, Pillon 2002). For example, the Hopkins Verbal Learning Test and the Odd Man Out Test, both recommended in all four standards, are comparably rarely used. This may indicate a learning effect by the community, as better tests than the ones initially recommended are available that measure similar constructs.

For the ethical evaluation it is of particular interest which perspectives are represented in the tests, as conflicting evaluations of side effects often result from different perspectives of stakeholders. For analyzing this point, we have classified all tests as follows:

- I) Test scores that result from the evaluation of the patient's performance by a trained evaluator
- II) Test scores that result from a self-assessment of the patient
- III) Test scores that result from an interrogation etc. from closely related persons of the patient (family members, caregivers)

In order to avoid biases due to low quality studies, we have only investigated those studies that achieved a quality rating of at least 5 (see footnote 1, 182 studies). We have counted the

number of different tests, the number of test executions (i.e. in how many studies the test was used) and the number of patients that have been tested by these methods. The cumulative numbers for the three classes I, II and III are displayed in Fig. 3.b.

INSERT FIGURE 3

Figure 3: a: Number of tests per issue class (B: behavioral, C: cognitive, D: depression and other mood issues, L: language, Q: quality of life). b: Number of different tests (first bar in each group), of accumulated test executions (middle bar) and total number of patients tested (left bar, right scale) with methods of either class I (test scores generated by evaluator), II (self-assessment of patient) or III (test scores emerge from persons affiliated to the patient).

We see a clear dominance of category I tests, whereas the usage of category III tests is basically nonexistent. Thus, the perspective on side effects is very biased in the DBS literature. This finding might explain the “satisfaction gap” between the physician’s and the patient’s expectation that is discussed in the literature (Agid et al 2006).

The Ethics of Adverse Events: Conclusions and Recommendations for Psychiatric DBS

What is the impact of this in-depth analysis of the literature about side effects of STN-DBS for the ethical debate about the application of DBS in psychiatry? Compared to many somatic diseases, harm-benefit-assessments for psychiatric therapies are complicated by at least three problems: First, for most psychiatric disorders no clear correlation with a specific neurological dysfunction is proven. Second, many interventions affect various neuronal mechanisms, e.g., SSRI have effects not only on the serotonin metabolism, but also on the neurogenesis in the hippocampus (Santarelli et al. 2003). Third, the evaluation of both the disease and the beneficial and negative therapy effects depend much stronger on subjective evaluations than this is valid for the somatic medicine. For example, neither patients nor their relatives nor their physicians would doubt that toothache is painful, whereas hypomania is evaluated differently by different stakeholders (see e.g. the examples in Krug et al. 2010). ‘Clear-cut’ cases (predictable side effects that clearly outbalance therapeutic effects) are probably rather rare in psychiatric diseases.

This is important, since the introduction of DBS to psychiatry is driven also by the expectation that it will improve the understanding of the causes of these diseases and that it will be a causal therapy. Already the usage of DBS for the treatment of movement disorders was accompanied by the narrative that DBS is more precise than its alternatives, completely reversible, and individually scalable. Although this is to a large extent true, the problems of measuring and evaluating side effects do not vanish. In the contrary, our analysis revealed that the availability of a more precise tool triggered research on the mechanisms behind the effects of DBS on cognitive functions, mood, and behavior and thus tends to increase the spectrum of potential SE to look at. If DBS will play an important role in psychiatry, we cannot expect that the SE spectrum will become smaller compared to that implicated by the alternatives.

However, we have found a well-developed sensibility for side effects in the DBS community. Nevertheless, the side effects are not yet measured and evaluated sufficiently. Our analysis reveals that the majority of methods used investigate subtle cognitive changes which may be statistically significant but whose relevance for the patients is unclear. Only a minority of investigations focus on the self-assessment of the patients, and even less on the assessments of their caregivers. This methodological bias implies blindness for certain side effects. We expect that this problem will be aggravated if DBS is used to treat psychiatric disorders as

depression or addiction, since interpersonal relationships play a crucial role in overcoming these disorders.

Finally, the quality of studies that promote the extended use of DBS gives cause for concern, although we note that our rating system does not take into account that the requirements for quality may differ between studies if they addressed different types of outcomes, such that not all quality items are required for a specific study. After all, progress is recognizable and the community is somewhat able to discriminate between good and bad studies, yet it has not managed to cut down the continuous generation of low quality contributions.

In summary, the ethical evaluation of side effects of STN-DBS must not abstract from the measurement and evaluation problems that constitute the definition of what counts as a 'side effect'. The role of ethicists is not only to safeguard against the "bad effects" of therapies. They should also point at blind spots in clinical studies and widen the perspective on all sorts of effects of new therapies.

This research has been supported by the Swiss Academy of Medical Sciences (Käthe-Zingg-Schwichtenberg-Fonds) and by the Federal Ministry of Education and Research, Germany (project no. 01 GP 0804).

References

Agid, Y., Schüpbach, M., Gargiulo, M., Mallet, L., Houeto, J.L., Behar, C., Maltête, D., Mesnage, V., and Welter, M.L. 2006. Neurosurgery in Parkinson's disease: the doctor is happy, the patient less so? *J Neural Transm Suppl.* (70): 409-14.

Beauchamp, T. L., and Childress, J. F. 2009. *The Principles of Biomedical Ethics*, 6. ed., Oxford: Oxford University Press.

Benabid, A. L., Chabardes, S., Mitrofanis, J., and Pollak, P. 2009. Deep brain stimulation of the subthalamic nucleus for the treatment of Parkinson's disease. *Lancet Neurology* 8(1), 67-81.

Burn, D.J., and Tröster, A.I. 2004. Neuropsychiatric complications of medical and surgical therapies for Parkinson's disease. *Journal of Geriatry, Psychiatry and Neurology* 17: 172-180

Christen, M., and Müller, S. 2011. Single cases promote knowledge transfer in the field of DBS. *Frontiers in Integrative Neuroscience*. May 2011, 5, Article 13.

Defer, G. L., Widner, H., Marié, R. M., Rémy, P., and Levivier, M. 1999. Core Assessment Program for Surgical Interventional Therapies in Parkinson's Disease (CAPSIT-PD). *Movement Disorders* 14: 572-584.

Hariz, M. I., Rehnacrona, S., Quinn, N. P., Speelman, J. D., Wensing, C., and the Multicentre Advanced Parkinson's Disease Deep Brain Stimulation Group. 2008. Multicenter study on deep brain stimulation in Parkinson's disease: An independent assessment of reported adverse events at 4 years. *Movement Disorders* 23(3): 416-421.

Hariz, M.I., Blomstedt, P., and Zrinzo, L. 2010. Deep brain stimulation between 1947 and 1987: the untold story. *Neurosurg Focus*, 29(2): E1.

Krack, P., Hariz, M.I., Baunez, C., Guridi, J., and Obeso, J.A. 2010. Deep brain stimulation: from neurology to psychiatry? *Trends Neurosci.* 33(10): 474-484.

Krug, H., Müller, O., and Bittner, U. 2010. Technological Interventions in the Self? An Ethical Evaluation of Deep Brain Stimulation Relating to Patient Narratives. *Vortschr. Neurol. Psychiat.* 78: 644-651.

Kulisevsky, J., Pagonabarraga, J., Pascual-Sedano, B., García-Sánchez, C., and Gironell, A. 2008. Prevalence and correlates of neuropsychiatric symptoms in Parkinson's disease without dementia. *Movement Disorders* 15;23 (13): 1889-1896.

Marani, E., Heida, T., Lakke, E.A., and Usunoff, K.G. 2008. The subthalamic nucleus. Part I: development, cytology, topography and connections. *Adv Anat Embryol Cell Biol.* 198: 1-113.

Martinez-Martin P, and Deuschl G. 2007. Effect of medical and surgical interventions on health-related quality of life in Parkinson's disease. *Movement Disorders* 22(6): 757-765.

Morrison, C.E., Borod, J.C., Brin, M.F., Raskin, S.A., Germano, I.M., Weisz, D.J., and Olanow, C.W. 2000. A program for neuropsychological investigation of deep brain stimulation (PNIDBS) in movement disorder patients: Development, Deasibility, and preliminary data. *Neuropsychiatry, Neuropsychology and Behavioral Neurology* 13(3): 204-219.

Müller, S., and Christen, M. 2011. Deep Brain Stimulation in Parkinsonian Patients – Ethical Evaluation of Cognitive, Affective, and Behavioral Sequelae', *AJOB Neuroscience* 2(1): 3-13.

Olanow, C.W. 2002. Surgical therapy for Parkinson's disease. *European Journal of Neurology* 9 (Suppl. 3): 31-39.

Pillon, B. 2002. Neuropsychological Assessment for Management of Patients with deep brain stimulation. *Movement Disorders* 17(supplement 3): S116-S122.

Pollak, P., Benabid, A.L., Gross, C., Gao, D.M., Laurent, A., Benazzouz, A., Hoffmann, D., Gentil, M., and Perret, J. 1993. Effets de la stimulation du noyau sous-thalamique dans la maladie de Parkinson. *Revue Neurologique (Paris)*, 149(3): 175-176.

Saint-Cyr, J. A., and Trépanier, L. L. 2000. Neuropsychologic Assessment of Patients for Movement Disorder Surgery. *Movement Disorders* 15(5): 771-783.

Santarelli, L., Saxe, M., Gross, C., Surget, A., Battaglia, F., Dulawa, S., Weisstaub, N., Lee, J., Duman, R., Arancio, O., Belzung, C., and Hen, R. 2003. Requirement of Hippocampal Neurogenesis for the Behavioral Effects of Antidepressants. *Science* 301, 805-809.

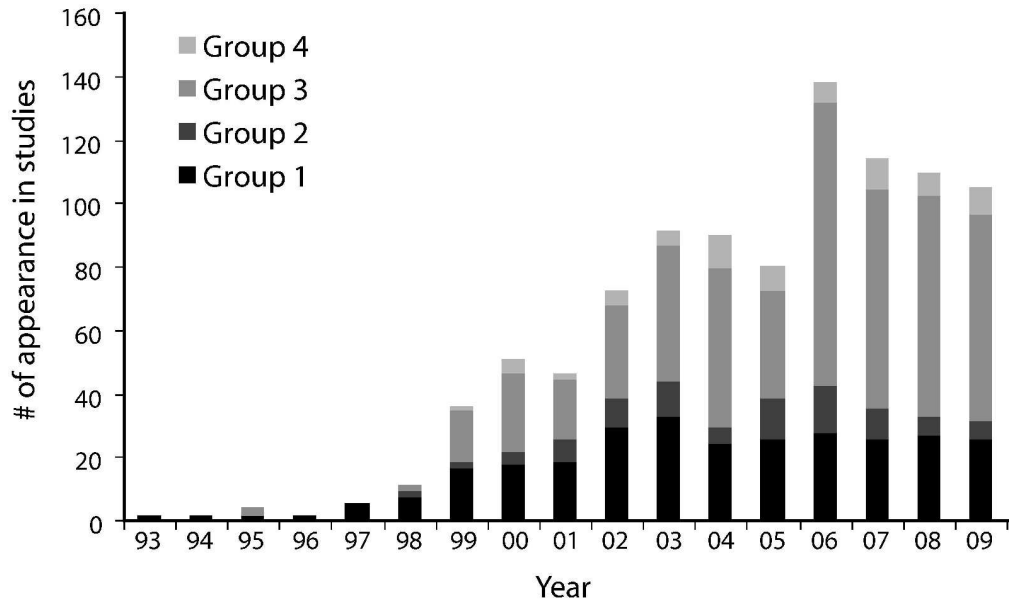
Siegfried, J., and Blons, S. 1997. The Neurosurgical treatment of Parkinson's disease and other movement disorders. William & Wilkins Europe Ltd, London.

Voon, V., Kubu, C., Krack, P., Houeto, J. L., and Tröster, A. I. 2006. Deep brain stimulation: Neuropsychological and neuropsychiatric issues. *Movement Disorders* 21 (Suppl. 14): S305-S326.

Woods, S.P., Rippeth, J.D., Conover, E., Carey, C.L., Parsons, T.D., and Tröster, A.I. 2006. Statistical Power of Studies Examining the Cognitive Effects of Subthalamic Nucleus Deep Brain Stimulation in Parkinson's Disease. *The Clinical Neuropsychologist*, 20(1): 27-38.

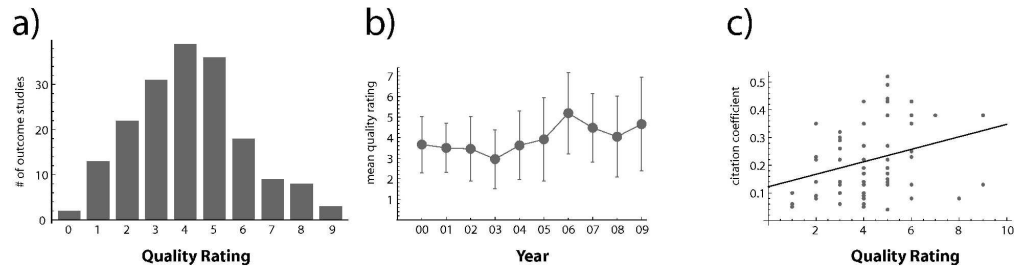
ⁱ Each study was assigned with points as follows: Study was prospective: +1; study was case-controlled with at least 20 participants in each branch: +2 (+1 if less than 20 participants in either branch); study was randomized: +1; test evaluation was blinded: +1; study involved more than one center: +1; the pre-surgery and post-surgery assessment of the neuropsychiatric tests were made in the "best" (pre: med-on/ post: med-on, stim-on) condition of the patient: +2 (+1 if the assessments were made pre and post); the study involved at least 20 patients: +1; the study had a follow-up time of at least 12 month: +1; the study involved tests of at least three issue classes: +1.

ⁱⁱ The citation coefficient was construed as follows: We counted the appearance of outcome studies in the analytic part of reviews that either performed a meta-analysis following established standards (e.g. Cochrane) or were at least systematically evaluated (i.e. we excluded merely narrative reviews; thus we considered 23 reviews). The citation of outcome papers is weighted with the probability of being able to be cited due to the year of publication to take into account, that a paper e.g. published in 2006 cannot be cited in a review published in 2004. Thus each outcome paper received a citation coefficient value between 0 and 1. For the correlation analysis, only outcomes with nonzero citation coefficient have been analyzed.



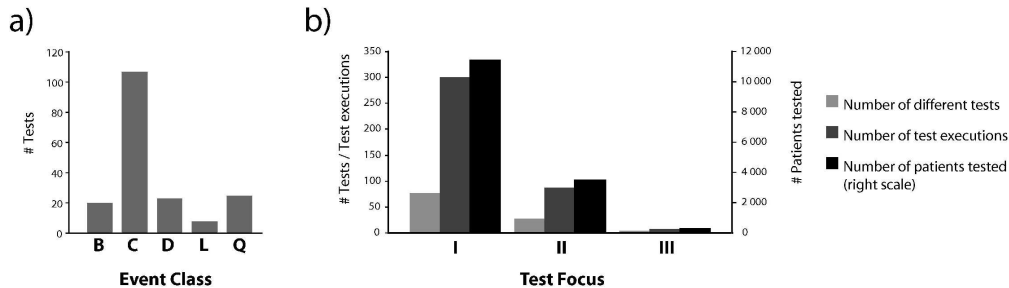
The histogram displays the total number of issues (compare with Table 2) addressed in the publications about STN-DBS (case reports, reviews, and outcome studies) pooled in four groups (Group 1: F, M, V / Group 2: O, P, T / Group 3: B, C, D, L, Q / Group 4: A, E, I, K, N, S, W; see text).

134x80mm (600 x 600 DPI)



(a) Quality rating distribution of the outcome studies of group 3, (b) time-course of the mean quality rating of outcome studies (group 3), (c) correlation between the citation coefficient of studies (which reflects the appreciation of papers by the authors of reviews) with the quality rating of the studies. The chart also includes the linear approximation of the correlation.

165x43mm (600 x 600 DPI)



a: Number of tests per issue class (B: behavioral, C: cognitive, D: depression and other mood issues, L: language, Q: quality of life). b: Number of different tests (first bar in each group), of accumulated test executions (middle bar) and total number of patients tested (left bar, right scale) with methods of either class I (test scores generated by evaluator), II (self-assessment of patient) or III (test scores emerge from persons affiliated to the patient).

189x54mm (600 x 600 DPI)

Christen et al.: Dealing with Side Effects of Deep Brain Stimulation

Table 1

		Predictability of side effects (SE) of a therapy	
		predictable	not predictable
Evaluation	The SE of the therapy clearly outweighs its therapeutic effects.	Do not begin / stop the therapy.	Ensure sensibility for novel SE.
	There are conflicting evaluations of the SE by different stakeholders.	Define the authority to decide about the usage of the therapy.	Ensure involvement of different stakeholder's perspectives during the development of the therapy.
	The therapeutic effects clearly outbalance the SE.	Define a procedure to take individual variability of the impact of the SE into account.	Define a procedure to decide whether a novel SE is classified as unproblematic or not.

Christen et al.: Dealing with Side Effects of Deep Brain Stimulation

Table 2

	Abbr.	Issue class	Examples of side effects
Group 1	F	<u>F</u> unctional studies, i.e. studies that involve PET or other methods for investigating the causal effect of DBS	-
	M	<u>M</u> otor effects	Apraxia, axial symptoms, dyskinesia, dystonia, gait disorders, motor fluctuations
	V	Issues related to <u>L</u> evodopa and other medication	Dopamine dysregulation syndrome, changes in LEDD
Group 2	O	<u>O</u> peration/surgery related issues	Hemorrhage, hematoma, ischemia, surgical complications, infections
	P	<u>P</u> atient issues, i.e. issues related to patient selection, patient management, rehabilitation	-
	T	Effects related to the <u>t</u> echnology (device)	Battery problems, electrode break, local infections, lead fracture, pulse generator malfunction
Group 3	B	<u>B</u> ehavioral effects, i.e. effects that concern abnormal behavior	Compulsive shopping, hypersexuality, hypomania, pathological gambling, suicide (attempts)
	C	Effects on <u>c</u> ognition (reasoning, memory etc.)	Cognitive decline, confusion, dementia, memory decline, verbal fluency
	D	<u>D</u> epression, anxiety, apathy and other mood effects	Ahedonia, apathy, depression, mood changes, sadness
	L	<u>L</u> anguage, i.e. effects regarding the general speech ability and motor aspects of speech	Aphasia, dysarthria, hypophonia, speech impairment, voice freezing
	Q	<u>Q</u> uality of life and social aspects	Disability in daily living, decreased life satisfaction, partnership problems
Group 4	A	Effects regarding the <u>a</u> utonomous nervous system, autonomous functioning	Drooling, dysphagia, hyperhidrosis
	E	<u>E</u> motion recognition changes	Difficulties of emotion discrimination, difficulties of face perception, hyperemotivity
	I	<u>I</u> nsomnia, i.e. effects related to sleep	Drowsiness, fatigue, insomnia, sleep disorders
	K	Cost issues (German: <u>K</u> osten), i.e. cost-benefit-studies, cost-effectiveness of DBS etc.	-
	N	Other <u>n</u> eurological effects	Epilepsy, postural imbalance, seizures
	S	Effects regarding sensory systems	Blurred vision, parasthesia, visual hallucinations
	W	Weight and energy intake changes	Abnormal weight gain, binge eating, obesity

Christen M, Müller S, Bittlinger M, Walter H, and Brugger P: Dealing with Side Effects of Deep Brain Stimulation: Lessons Learned from Stimulating the STN

Supplementary Material

List of Case Reports (66)

- Alesch F. 2005. Sudden failure of dual channel pulse generators. *Movement Disorders* 20: 64–66.
- Balash Y, Merims D, Giladi N. 2007. Suicidal thoughts in patients with Parkinson's disease treated by deep brain stimulation of the subthalamic nuclei: Two case reports and review of the literature. *Acta Neuropsychiatrica* 19(3): 208–210
- Bandini Fabio, Primavera Alberto, Pizzorno Matteo, Cocito Leonardo. 2007. Using STN DBS and medication reduction as a strategy to treat pathological gambling in Parkinson's disease. *Parkinsonism and Related Disorders* 13: 369–371
- Bejjani BP, Damier P, Arnulf I, Thivard L, Bonnet AM, Dormont D, Cornu P, Pidoux B, Samson Y, Agid Y. 1999. Transient acute depression induced by high-frequency deep-brain stimulation. *The New England Journal of Medicine* 340(19): 1476–1480
- Bejjani BP, Houeto JL, Hariz M, Yelnik J, Mesnage V, Bonnet AM, Pidoux B, Dormont D, Cornu P, Agid Y. 2002. Aggressive behavior induced by intraoperative stimulation in the triangle of Sano. *Neurology* 59: 1425–1427
- Benabid AL, Pollak P, Gross C, Hoffmann D, Benazzouz A, Gao DM, Laurent A, Gentil M, Perret J. 1994. Acute and long-term effects of subthalamic nucleus stimulation in Parkinson's disease. *Stereotactic and Functional Neurosurgery* 62: 76–84
- Blomstedt P, Hariz MI, Lees A, Silberstein P, Limousin P, Yelnik J, Agid Y. 2008. Acute severe depression induced by intraoperative stimulation of the substantia nigra: A case report. *Parkinsonism and Related Disorders* 14: 253–256
- Burghaus L, Hilker R, Thiel A, Galldiks N, Lehnhardt FG, Zaro-Weber O, Sturm V, Heiss W-D. 2006. Deep brain stimulation of the subthalamic nucleus reversibly deteriorates stuttering in advanced Parkinson's disease. *Journal of Neural Transmission* 113: 625–631
- Cabo JAV, Barragan L. 2007. Perioperative care in subthalamic stimulation surgery. *Neurologia* 22(1): 49–53
- Cakmakli GY, Oruckaptan H, Saka E, Elibol B. 2009. Reversible acute cognitive dysfunction induced by bilateral STN stimulation. *Journal of Neurology* 256(8): 1360–1362
- Capecci M, Passamonti L, Annesi F, Annesi G, Bellesi M, Candiano ICC, Ricciuti R, Iacoangeli M, Scerrati M, Zappia M, Tarantino P, De Marco EV, Civitelli D, Carrideo S, Provinciali L, Ceravolo MG, Quattrone A. 2004. Chronic Bilateral Subthalamic Deep Brain Stimulation in a Patient With Homozygous Deletion in the Parkin Gene. *Movement Disorders* 19(12): 2004
- Cersosinio MG, Piedimonte F, Raina GB, Micheli FE. 2007. Bilateral STN-DBS fails to improve non-motor fluctuations in a PD patient. *Parkinsonism and Related Disorders* 13(8): 537–538
- Chen Shin-Yuan, Lin Shinn-Zong, Lee Tien-Wen. 2004. Subthalamic nucleus stimulation and the development of delusion. *Journal of Psychiatric Research* 38: 637–638
- Christine CW, Langston JW, Turner RS, Starr PA. 2009. The neurophysiology and effect of deep brain stimulation in a patient with 1-methyl-4-phenyl-1,2,3,6-tetrahydropyridine-induced Parkinsonism: Case report. *Journal of Neurosurgery* 110(2): 234–238
- Czerneck V, Schupbach M, Yaici S, Levy R, Bardin E, Yelnik J, Dubois B, Agid Y. 2008. Apathy Following Subthalamic Stimulation in Parkinson Disease: A Dopamine Responsive Symptom. *Movement Disorders* 23(7): 964–969
- Diederich NJ, Alesch F, Goetz CG. 2000. Visual Hallucinations Induced by Deep Brain Stimulation in Parkinson's Disease. *Clinical Neuropharmacology* 23(5): 287–289
- Doshi P, Bhargava P. 2008. Hypersexuality following subthalamic nucleus stimulation for *Parkinson's disease*. *Neurology India* 56: 474–476
- Doshi PK, Chhaya N, Bhatt MH. 2002. Depression Leading to Attempted Suicide After Bilateral Subthalamic Nucleus Stimulation for Parkinson's Disease. *Movement Disorders* 17(5): 1084–1100
- Farris S, Ford P, DeMarco J, Giroux ML. 2008. Deep Brain Stimulation and the Ethics of Protection and Caring for the Patient with Parkinson's Dementia. *Movement Disorders* 23(14): 1973–1976
- Figueiras-Méndez R, Marín-Zarza F, Antonio Molina J, Jiménez-Jiménez FJ, Ortí-Pareja M, Magariños C, López-Pino MA, Martínez V. 1999. Subthalamic nucleus stimulation improves directly levodopa induced dyskinesias in Parkinson's disease. *Journal of Neurology, Neurosurgery and Psychiatry* 66(4): 549–50.
- Gentil M, Tournier CL, Pollak P, Benabid AL. 1999. Effect of bilateral subthalamic nucleus stimulation and dopatherapy on oral control in Parkinson's disease. *European Neurology* 42: 136–140

- 1
- 2
- 3 Goto S, Yamada K, Ushio Y. . 2004. Subthalamic nucleus stimulation in a parkinsonian patient with previous
- 4 bilateral thalatomy. *Journal of Neurology Neurosurgery and Psychiatry* 75: 163–171
- 5 Goyal V, Vaishya S, Shukla G, Singh S, Behari M. 2009. Unusual Complication of Deep Brain Stimulation in
- 6 Parkinson's Disease. *Movement Disorders* 24(8): 1251–1252.
- 7 Hamel W, Schrader B, Weinert D, Herzog J, Müller D, Deuschl G, Volkmann J, Mehdorn HM. 2002. Technical
- 8 complication in deep brain stimulation. *Zentralbibliothek für Neurochirurgie* 63: 124–27.
- 9 Hariz MI, Johansson F, Shamsgovara P, Johansson E, Hariz G-M, Fagerlund M. 2000. Bilateral Subthalamic
- 10 Nucleus Stimulation in a Parkinsonian Patient With Preoperative Deficits in Speech and Cognition:
- 11 Persistent Improvement in Mobility But Increased Dependency: A Case Study. *Movement Disorders*
- 12 15(1): 136–139
- 13 Hariz MI, Johansson F. 2001. Hardware failure in parkinsonian patients with chronic subthalamic nucleus
- 14 stimulation is a medical emergency. *Movement Disorders* 16(1): 166–168
- 15 Herzog J, Reiff J, Krack P, Witt K, Schrader B, Müller D, Deuschl G. 2003. Manic episode with psychotic
- 16 symptoms induced by subthalamic nucleus stimulation in a patient with Parkinson's disease. *Movement*
- 17 *Disorders* 18(11): 1382–1384
- 18 Hettige S, Samuel M, Clough C, Hulse N, Ashkan K. 2009. Deep Brain Stimulation for Parkinson's Disease
- 19 when HIV Coexists. *Movement Disorders* 24(14): 2169–2170
- 20 Hilker R, Voges J, Thiel A, Ghaemi M, Herholz K, Sturm V, Heiss W-D. 2002. Deep brain stimulation of the
- 21 subthalamic nucleus versus levodopa challenge in Parkinson's disease: measuring the on- and off-
- 22 conditions with FDG-PET. *Journal of Neural Transmissions* 109: 1257–1264
- 23 Houeto JL, Bejjani PB, Damier P, Staedler C, Bonnet AM, Pidoux B, Dormont D, Cornu P, Agid Y. 2000.
- 24 Failure of long-term pallidal stimulation corrected by subthalamic stimulation in PD. *Neurology* 55: 728–
- 25 730
- 26 Jarraya B, Bonnet A-M, Duyckaerts C, Houeto J-L, Cornu P, Hauw J-J, Agid Y. 2003. Parkinson's Disease,
- 27 Subthalamic Stimulation, and Selection of Candidates: A Pathologic Study. *Movement Disorders* 18(2):
- 28 1517–1520
- 29 Knobel D, Aybek S, Pollo C, Vingerhoets FJG, Berney A. 2008. Rapid resolution of Dopamine Dysregulation
- 30 Syndrome (DDS) after Subthalamic DBS for Parkinson Disease (PD). *Cognitive and Behavioral*
- 31 *Neurology* 21(3): 187–189
- 32 Krack P, Kumar R, Ardouin C, Limousin Dowsey P, McVicker JM, Benabid AL, Pollak P. 2001. Mirthful
- 33 Laughter Induced by Subthalamic Nucleus Stimulation. *Movement Disorders* 16(5): 867–875
- 34 Kulisevsky J, Berthier ML, Gironell A, Pascual-Sedano B, Molet J, Parés P. 2002. Mania following deep brain
- 35 stimulation for Parkinson's disease. *Neurology* 59: 1421–1424
- 36 Leentjens AFG, Visser-Vandewalle V, Temel Z, Verhey FRJ. 2004. Manipuleerbare wilsbekwaamheid: een
- 37 ethisch probleem bij elektrostimulatie van de nucleus subthalamicus voor ernstige ziekte van Parkinson.
- 38 *Ned Tijdschr Geneesk* 10 148(28): 1394–1398
- 39 Lilleeng B, Dietrichs E. 2008. Unmasking psychiatric symptoms after STN deep brain stimulation in Parkinson's
- 40 disease. *Acta Neurologica Scandinavica* 117 (suppl. 188): 41–45
- 41 Limousin P, Pollak P, Benazzouz A, Hoffmann D, Broussolle E, Perret JE, Benabid A-L. 1995. Bilateral
- 42 Subthalamic Nucleus Stimulation for Severe Parkinson's Disease. *Movement Disorders* 10(5): 672–674
- 43 Limousin P, Pollak P, Hoffmann D, Benazzouz A, Perret JE, Benabid A-L. 1996. Abnormal Involuntary
- 44 Movements Induced by Subthalamic Nucleus Stimulation in Parkinsonian Patients. *Movement Disorders*
- 45 11(3): 231–235
- 46 Low Hu L, Sayer FT, Honey CR. 2008. Pathological Crying Caused by High-Frequency Stimulation in the
- 47 Region of the Caudal Internal Capsule. *Archives of Neurology* 65(2): 264–266
- 48 Machado AG, Hiremath GK, Salazar F, Rezai AR. 2005. Fracture of subthalamic nucleus deep brain stimulation
- 49 hardware as a result of compulsive manipulation: Case report. *Neurosurgery* 57(6): E1318–1–E1318–5
- 50 Mallet L, Schüpbach M, N'Diaye K, Remy P, Bardinet E, Czernecki V, Welter ML, Pelissolo A, Ruberg M,
- 51 Agid Y, Yelnik J. 2007. Stimulation of subterritories of the subthalamic nucleus reveals its role in the
- 52 integration of the emotional and motor aspects of behavior. *PNAS* 104(25): 10661–10666
- 53 Mallet L, Mesnage V, Houeto J-L, Pelissolo A, Yelnik J, Behar C, Gargiulo M, Welter M-L, Bonnet A-M, Pillon
- 54 B, Cornu P, Dormont D, Pidoux B, Allilaire J-F, Agid Y. 2002. Compulsions, Parkinson's disease, and
- 55 stimulation. *Lancet* 360: 1302–1304
- 56 Mandat TS, Hurwitz T, Honey CR. 2006. Hypomania as an adverse effect of subthalamic nucleus stimulation:
- 57 report of two cases. *Acta Neurochirurgica (Wien)* 48: 895–898
- 58 Merello M, Cammarota A, Leiguarda R, Pikielny R. 2001. Delayed intracerebral electrode infection after
- 59 bilateral STN implantation for Parkinson's disease. Case report. *Movement Disorders* 16(1): 168–170.
- 60 Moreau C, Defebvre L, Devos D, Marchetti F, Destée A, Stefani A, Peppe A. 2009. STN versus PPN-DBS for
- alleviating freezing of gait: toward a frequency modulation approach? *Movement Disorders* 24(14): 2164–
- 2166.

- 1
- 2
- 3 Moretti R, Torre P, Antonello RM, Calus L, Gioulis M, Marsala SZ, Cazzato G, Bava A. 2002. Cognitive
- 4 changes following subthalamic nucleus stimulation in two patients with Parkinson's disease. *Perception*
- 5 and *Motor Skills* 95: 477–486
- 6 Moretti R, Torre P, Antonello RM, Capus L, Gioulis M, Marsala SZ, Cazzato G, Bava A. 2001. Effects on
- 7 cognitive abilities following subthalamic nucleus stimulation in Parkinson's disease. *European Journal of*
- 8 *Neurology* 8(6): 726–727
- 9 Morgan JC, diDonato CJ, Jenkins PD, Sethi KD. 2006. Self-stimulatory behavior associated with deep brain
- 10 stimulation in Parkinson's disease. *Movement Disorders* 21(2): 283–285
- 11 Novak KE, Nenonene EK, Bernstein LP, Vergenz S, Medalle G, Prager JM, Eller TW, Cozzens JW, Rezak M.
- 12 2006. Two cases of ischemia associated with subthalamic nucleus stimulator implantation for advanced
- 13 Parkinson's disease. *Movement Disorders* 21: 1477–83.
- 14 Okun MS, Raju DV, Walter BL, Juncos JL, DeLong MR, Heilman K, McDonald WM, Vitek JL. 2004.
- 15 Pseudobulbar crying induced by stimulation in the region of the subthalamic nucleus. *Journal of*
- 16 *Neurology Neurosurgery and Psychiatry* 75: 921–923
- 17 Piasecki SD, Jefferson JW. 2004. Psychiatric Complications of Deep Brain Stimulation for Parkinson's Disease.
- 18 *Journal of Clinical Psychiatry* 65: 845–849
- 19 Pinto S, Gentil M, Krack P, Sauleau P, Fraix V, Benabid AL, Pollak P. 2005. Changes induced by levodopa and
- 20 subthalamic nucleus stimulation on parkinsonian speech. *Movement Disorders* 20: 1507–1515.
- 21 Pollak P, Benabid AL, Gross C, Gao DM, Laurent A, Benazzouz A, Hoffmann D, Gentil M, Perret J. 1993.
- 22 Effets de la stimulation du noyau sous-thalamique dans la maladie de parkinson. *Revue Neurologique*
- 23 (Paris) 149(3): 175–176
- 24 Raucher-Chéné D, Charrel C-L, Doe de Maindreville A, Limosin F. 2008. Manic episode with psychotic
- 25 symptoms in a patient with Parkinson's disease treated by subthalamic nucleus stimulation: Improvement
- 26 on switching the target. *Journal of the Neurological Sciences* 273: 116–117
- 27 Roark C, Whicher S, Abosch A. 2008. Reversible neurological symptoms caused by diathermy in a patient with
- 28 deep brain stimulators: Case Report. *Neurosurgery* 62: E256
- 29 Romito LM, Raja M, Daniele A, Contarino MF, Bentivoglio AR, Barbier A, Scerrati M, Albanese A. 2002.
- 30 Transient Mania with Hypersexuality After Surgery for High-Frequency Stimulation of the Subthalamic
- 31 Nucleus in Parkinson's Disease. *Movement Disorders* 17(6): 1371–1374
- 32 Sensi M, Eleopra R, Cavallo MA, Sette E, Milani P, Quatrale R, Capone JG, Tugnoli V, Tola MR, Granieri E,
- 33 Data PG. 2004. Explosive-aggressive behavior related to bilateral subthalamic stimulation. *Parkinsonism*
- 34 *and Related Disorders* 10 (2004) 247–251
- 35 Smeding, HM, Goudriaan AE, Foncke EMJ, Schuurman PR, Speelman JD, Schmand B. 2007. Pathological
- 36 gambling after bilateral subthalamic nucleus stimulation in Parkinson disease. *Journal of Neurology,*
- 37 *Neurosurgery & Psychiatry* 78(5): 517–519
- 38 Stefurak T, Mikulis D, Mayberg H, Lang AE, Hevenor S, Pahapill P, Saint-Cry J, Lozano A. 2003. Deep brain
- 39 stimulation for Parkinson's disease dissociates mood and motor circuits: A functional MRI case study.
- 40 *Movement Disorders* 18(12): 1508–1516
- 41 Tarsy D, Apetauerova D, Ryan P, Norregaard T. 2003. Adverse effects of subthalamic nucleus DBS in a patient
- 42 with multiple system atrophy. *Neurology* 61(2): 247–249
- 43 Tommasi G, Lanotte M, Albert U, Zibetti M, Castelli L, Maina H, Lopiano L. 2008. Transient acute depressive
- 44 state induced by subthalamic region stimulation. *Journal of the Neurological Sciences* 273: 135–138
- 45 Tsai ST, Lin SH, Lin S-Z, Chen J-Y, Lee C-W, Chen S-Y. 2007. Neuropsychological effects after chronic
- 46 subthalamic stimulation and the topography of the nucleus in Parkinson's disease. *Neurosurgery* 61(5):
- 47 1024–1029
- 48 Ulla M, Thobois S, Lemaire J-J, Schmitt A, Derost P, Broussolle E, Llorca P-M, Durif F. 2006. Manic
- 49 behaviour induced by deep-brain stimulation in Parkinson's disease: evidence of substantia nigra
- 50 implication? *Journal of Neurology Neurosurgery and Psychiatry* 77: 1363–1366
- 51 Vallderiola F, Tolosa E, Alegret M. 2006. Cognitive changes in Parkinson's disease during subthalamic
- 52 stimulation: a clinicopathologic study. *Journal of Neurology, Neurosurgery & Psychiatry* 77(4): 565–6
- 53 Walker HC, Phillips DE, Boswell DB, Guthrie BL, Guthrie SL, Nicholas AP, Montgomery EB, Watts RL. 2009.
- 54 Relief of acquired stuttering associated with Parkinson's disease by unilateral left subthalamic brain
- 55 stimulation. *Journal of Speech, Language and Hearing Research*. 52(6): 1652–1657.
- 56 Witjas T, Baunez C, Henry MJ, Delfini M, Regis J, Cherif AA, Peragut CJ, Azulay JP. 2005. Addiction in
- 57 Parkinson's disease: Impact of subthalamic nucleus deep brain stimulation. *Movement Disorders* 20(8):
- 58 1052–1055
- 59
- 60

List of Review Papers (69)

Alberts JL, Hass CJ, Vitek JL, Okun MS. 2008. Are two leads always better than one: An emerging case for unilateral subthalamic deep brain stimulation in Parkinson's disease. *Experimental Neurology* 214: 1–5

Amick MM, Grace J. 2006. Deep Brain Stimulation Surgery for Parkinson's Disease: The Role of Neuropsychological Assessment. *Medicine and Health / Rhode Island* 89(4): 130–133

Anderson KE, Mullins J. 2003. Behavioral changes associated with deep brain stimulation surgery for Parkinson's disease. *Current Neurology and Neuroscience Reports* 3(4): 306–313

Appleby BS, Duggan PS, Regenberg A, Rabins PV. 2007. Psychiatric and neuropsychiatric adverse events associated with deep brain stimulation: A meta-analysis of ten years' experience. *Movement Disorders* 22(12): 1722–1728

Ashkan K, Wallace B, Bell BA, Benabid AL. 2004. Deep brain stimulation of the subthalamic nucleus in Parkinson's Disease 1993 – 2003: where are we 10 years on? *British Journal of Neurosurgery* 18(1): 19–34

Benabid AL. 2003. Deep brain stimulation for Parkinson's disease. *Current Opinion in Neurobiology* 13: 696–706

Benabid AL, Benazzouz A, Hoffmann D, Limousin P, Krack P, Pollak P. 1998. Long-term electrical inhibition of deep brain targets in movement disorders. *Movement Disorders* 13 Suppl 3: 119–125.

Benabid AL, Chabardes S, Mitrofanis J, Pollak P. 2009. Deep brain stimulation of the subthalamic nucleus for the treatment of Parkinson's disease. *Lancet Neurology* 8(1): 67–81

Benabid AL, Chabardès S, Seigneuret E. 2005. Deep-brain stimulation in Parkinson's disease: long-term efficacy and safety – What happened this year? *Current Opinion in Neurology* 18(6): 623–30

Berney A, Vingerhoets F. 2004. Stimulation cérébrale profonde dans la maladie de Parkinson: effets moteurs et comportementaux. *Schweizer Archiv für Neurologie und Psychiatrie* 155(8): 399–406

Boisson D. 2008. Stimulation cérébrale profonde et maladie de Parkinson. *Annales de réadaptation et de médecine physique* 51 (2008) 491–500

Boucai L, Cerquetti D, Merello M. 2004. Functional surgery for Parkinson's disease treatment: a structured analysis of a decade of published literature. *British Journal of Neurosurgery* 18(3): 213–223

Burkhard PR, Villemure J-G, Vingerhoets FJG. 2005. Current treatment of Parkinson's disease: Problems and controversies. *Revue Medicale Suisse* 1(18): 1214–1219

Burn DJ, Tröster AI. 2004. Neuropsychiatric complications of medical and surgical therapies for Parkinson's disease. *Journal of Geriatrics, Psychiatry and Neurology* 17: 172–180

Defebvre I, Krystkowiak P, Blond S, Destée A. 2000. Stimulation électrique chronique du pallidum interne et du noyau subthalamique dans la maladie de Parkinson. *Presse Medicale* 29: 1525–1531

Defer GL, Widner H, Marié RM, Rémy P, Levivier M. 1999. Core assessment program for surgical interventional therapies in Parkinson's disease (CAPSIT-PD). *Movement Disorders* 14(4): 572–84

Deuschl G, Herzog J, Kleiner-Fisman G, Kubu C, Lozano AM, Lyons KE, Rodriguez-Oroz MC, Tamma F, Troster AI, Vitek JL, Volkmann J, Voon V. 2006. Deep Brain Stimulation: Postoperative Issues. *Movement Disorders* 21 (Suppl. 14): S219–S237

Deuschl G, Wenzelburger R, Kopper F, Volkmann J. 2003. Deep brain stimulation of the subthalamic nucleus for Parkinson's disease: a therapy approaching evidence-based standards. *Journal of Neurology* 250(1): I/43–I/46

Diamond A, Jankovic J. 2005. The effect of deep brain stimulation on quality of life in movement disorders. *Journal of Neurology, Neurosurgery & Psychiatry* 76(9): 1188–1193

Dowsey-Limousin P, Pollak P. 2001. Deep brain stimulation in the treatment of Parkinson's disease: a review and update. *Clinical Neuroscience Research* 1(6): 521–526

Drapier S, Damier P. 2003. Continuous subthalamic neurostimulation in Parkinson's disease – Indications and modalities. *Presse Medicale* 32(28): 1334–1339

Fields Julie A, Tröster Alexander I. 2000. Cognitive Outcomes after Deep Brain Stimulation for Parkinson's Disease: A Review of Initial Studies and Recommendations for Future Research. *Brain and Cognition* 42, 268–293 (2000)

Fogel W, Krause M, Tronnier VM. 2000. Ergebnisse der STN-Stimulation im Vergleich mit anderen stereotaktischen Verfahren. *Akt Neurol* 27 Supplement 1: S9–S15

Goetz CG, Poewe W, Rascol O, Sampaio C. . 2005. Evidence-based medical review update: pharmacological and surgical treatments of Parkinson's disease: 2001 to 2004. *Movement Disorders* 20(5): 523–39.

Goodman RR, Kim B, McClelland III S, Senatus PB, Winfield LM, Pullman SL, Yu Q, Ford B, McKhann II GM. 2006. Operative techniques and morbidity with subthalamic nucleus deep brain stimulation in 100 consecutive patients with advanced Parkinson's disease. *Journal of Neurology Neurosurgery and Psychiatry* 77: 12–17

- 1
- 2
- 3 Hallett M, Litvan I. 1999. Evaluation of surgery for Parkinson's disease: a report of the Therapeutics and
- 4 Technology Assessment Subcommittee of the American Academy of Neurology. The Task Force on
- 5 Surgery for Parkinson's Disease. *Neurology* 53(9): 1910–1921
- 6 Halpern CH, Rick JH, Danish SF, Grossman M, Baltuch GH . 2009. Cognition following bilateral deep brain
- 7 stimulation surgery of the subthalamic nucleus for Parkinson's disease. *International Journal of Geriatric*
- 8 *Psychiatry* 24: 443–451
- 9 Hamani C, Lozano AM. 2006. Hardware-related complications of deep brain stimulation: a review of the
- 10 published literature. *Stereotactic and Functional Neurosurgery* 84: 248–51
- 11 Hamani C, Richter E, Schwab JM, Lozano AM. 2005. Bilateral subthalamic nucleus stimulation for Parkinson's
- 12 disease: A systematic review of the clinical literature. *Neurosurgery* 56(6): 1313–1321
- 13 Hariz MI. 2000. Pros and Cons of Various stereotactic procedures for Parkinson's Disease. *Pan Arab*
- 14 *Neurosurgery* 4(2)
- 15 Hariz MI. 2002. Complications of deep brain stimulation. *Movement disorders* 17(S3): S162–166
- 16 Herzog J, Deuschl G, Volkmann J. 2003. Deep brain stimulation in the treatment of idiopathic Parkinson's
- 17 disease. *Nervenheilkunde: Zeitschrift für interdisziplinäre Fortbildung* 22(10): 498–503
- 18 Herzog J, Deuschl G, Volkmann J. 2008. Tiefe Hirnstimulation bei der Parkinsonschen Krankheit.
- 19 *Nervenheilkunde* 27: 403–412
- 20 Israel Z, Hassin-Baer S. 2005. Subthalamic Stimulation for Parkinson's Disease. *IMAJ* 7: 458–463
- 21 Karner E, Wolf E, Poewe W, Benke T. 2004. Neuropsychologische Befunde bei Stimulation der Basalganglien –
- 22 ein Review. *Zeitschrift für Neuropsychologie*, 15 (4), 2004, 287–301
- 23 Kirsch-Darrow L, Mikos A, Bowers D. 2008. Does deep brain stimulation induce apathy in parkinson's disease?
- 24 *Frontiers in Bioscience* May 1: 5316–5322
- 25 Kleiner-Fisman G, Herzog J, Fisman DN, Tamma F, Lyons KE, Pahwa R, Lang AE, Deuschl G. 2006.
- 26 Subthalamic Nucleus Deep Brain Stimulation: Summary and Meta-Analysis of Outcomes. *Movement*
- 27 *Disorders* 21(14): S290–S304
- 28 Koller WC, Pahwa R, Lyons KE, Albanese A. 1999. Surgical treatment of Parkinson's disease. *Journal of the*
- 29 *Neurological Sciences* 167(1): 1–10
- 30 Krack P, Fraix V, Mendes A, Benabid A–L, Pollak P. 2002. Postoperative Management of Subthalamic Nucleus
- 31 Stimulation for Parkinson's Disease. *Movement Disorders* 17 (Suppl. 3): S188–S197
- 32 Krack P, Hamel W, Mehdorn HM, Deuschl G . 1999. Surgical treatment of Parkinson's disease. *Current Opinion*
- 33 *in Neurology* 12(4): 417–25
- 34 Lefaucheur J-P, Gurruchaga J-M, Pollin B, von Raison F, Mohsen N, Shin M, Ménard-Lefaucheur I, Oshino S,
- 35 Kishima H, Fénelon G, Rémy P, Cesaro P, Gabriel I, Brugières P, Keravel Y, Nguyen J-P. 2008. Outcome
- 36 of Bilateral Subthalamic Nucleus Stimulation in the Treatment of Parkinson's Disease: Correlation with
- 37 Intra-Operative Multi-Unit Recordings but Not with the Type of Anaesthesia. *European Neurology* 60:
- 38 186–199
- 39 Limousin P, Martinez-Torres I. 2008. Deep brain Stimulation for Parkinson's Disease. *Neurotherapeutics* 5:
- 40 309–319
- 41 Limousin-Dowsey P, Pollak P, Van Blercom N, Krack P, Benazzouz A, Benabid AL. 1999. Thalamic,
- 42 subthalamic nucleus and internal pallidum stimulation in Parkinson's disease. *Journal of Neurology* 246
- 43 (Suppl. 2): II/42–II/45
- 44 Martinez-Martin P, Deuschl G. 2007. Effect of medical and surgical interventions on health-related quality of
- 45 life in Parkinson's disease. *Movement Disorders* 22(6): 757–65.
- 46 Meagher LJ, Ilchef R, Silberstein P, Cook RJ, Wasson D, Malhi GS. 2008. Psychiatric morbidity in patients with
- 47 Parkinson's disease following bilateral subthalamic deep brain stimulation: literature review. *Acta*
- 48 *Neuropsychiatrica* 20: 182–192
- 49 Morrison CE, Borod JC, Brin MF, Raskin SA, Germano IM, Weisz DJ, Olanow CW. 2000. A program for
- 50 neuropsychological investigation of deep brain stimulation (PNIDBS) in movement disorder patients:
- 51 Development, Feasibility, and preliminary data. *Neuropsychiatry, Neuropsychology and Behavioral*
- 52 *Neurology* 13(3): 204–219
- 53 Okun MS, Rodriguez RL, Mikos A, Miller K, Kellison I, Kirsch-Darrow L, Wint DP, Springer U, Fernandez
- 54 HH, Foote KD, Crucian G, Bowers D. 2007. Deep brain stimulation and the role of the neuropsychologist.
- 55 *Clinical Neuropsychology* 21(1):162–189
- 56 Olanow CW, Brin MF, Obeso JA. 2000. The role of deep brain stimulation as a surgical treatment for
- 57 Parkinson's disease. *Neurology* 55(12) Supplement 6: S60–S66
- 58 Panikar D, Kishore A. 2003. Deep brain stimulation for Parkinson's disease. *Neurology India* 51(2): 167–75
- 59 Parsons TD, Rogers SA, Braaten AJ, Woods SP, Tröster AI. 2006. Cognitive sequelae of subthalamic nucleus
- 60 deep brain stimulation in Parkinson's disease: a meta-analysis. *Lancet Neurology* 5: 578–588
- Piasecki SD, Jefferson JW. 2004. Psychiatric Complications of Deep Brain Stimulation for Parkinson's Disease. *Journal of Clinical Psychiatry* 65: 845–849
- Pillon B. 2002. Neuropsychological Assessment for Management of Patients with deep brain stimulation. *Movement Disorders* 17(supplement 3): S116–S122

Robert G, Drapier D, Verin M, Millet B, Azulay JP, Blin O. 2009. Cognitive impulsivity in Parkinson's disease patients: assessment and pathophysiology. *Movement Disorders* 24(16): 2316–2327

Rodriguez RL, Miller K, Bowers D, Crucian G, Wint D, Fernandez H, Foote KD, Okun MS. 2005. Mood and cognitive changes with deep brain stimulation: What we know and where we should go. *Minerva Medica* 96(3): 125–144

Saint-Cyr JA, Trepanier LL. 2000. Neuropsychologic Assessment of Patients for Movement Disorder Surgery. *Movement Disorders* 15(5): 771–783

Saleh C, Okun MS. 2008. A clinical review of deep brain stimulation and its effects on limbic basal ganglia circuitry. *Frontiers in Bioscience* 13, 5708–5731

Shih LC, Tarsy D. 2007. Deep Brain Stimulation for the Treatment of Atypical Parkinsonism. *Movement Disorders* 22(15): 2149–2155

Siegfried J, Blons S. 1997. The Neurosurgical treatment of Parkinson's disease and other movement disorders. William & Wilkins Europe Ltd, London

Skidmore FM, Rodriguez RL, Fernandez HH, Goodman WK, Foote KD, Okun MS. 2006. Lessons Learned in Deep Brain Stimulation for Movement and Neuropsychiatric Disorders. *CNS Spectrum* 11(7, suppl. 7): 521–537

Starr PA, Vitek JL, Bakay RA. . 1998. Ablative surgery and deep brain stimulation for Parkinson's disease. *Neurosurgery* 43(5): 989–1013

Takeshita S, Kurisu K, Trop L, Arita K, Akimitsu T, Verhoeff NPLG. 2005. Effect of subthalamic stimulation on mood state in Parkinson's disease: evaluation of previous facts and problems. *Neurosurgical Review* 28(3): 179–86

Temel Y, Kessels A, Tan S, Topdag A, Boon P, Visser-Vandewalle V. 2006. Behavioural changes after bilateral subthalamic stimulation in advanced Parkinson disease: A systematic review. *Parkinsonism and Related Disorders* 12: 265–272

Tröster AI. 2009. Cognitive and mood effects of subthalamic deep brain stimulation in Parkinson's disease. *Minerva Psichiatria* 50(1): 79–92

Videnovic A, Metman LV. 2008. Deep Brain Stimulation for Parkinson's Disease: Prevalence of Adverse Events and Need for Standardized Reporting. *Movement Disorders* 23(3): 343–349

Voon V, Moro E, Saint-Cyr JA, Lozano AM, Lang AE. 2005. Psychiatric Symptoms following surgery for Parkinson's disease with an emphasis on subthalamic stimulation. In: WJ Weiner, KE Anderson, AE Lang: Behavioral neurology of movement disorders. *Advances in Neurology* 96 (2. edition). Lippincott Williams & Wilkins, Philadelphia: 130–147

Voon V, Kubu C, Krack P, Houeto J-L, Troster AI. 2006. Deep Brain Stimulation: Neuropsychological and Neuropsychiatric Issues. *Movement Disorders* 21 (Suppl. 14): S305–S326

Wolters EC. 2007. Deep brain stimulation and continuous dopaminergic stimulation in advanced Parkinson's disease. *Parkinsonism and Related Disorders* 13: S18–S23

Woods SP, Fields JA, Tröster AI. 2002. Neuropsychological Sequelae of Subthalamic Nucleus Deep Brain Stimulation in Parkinson's Disease: A Critical Review. *Neuropsychology Review* 12(2): 111–126

Woods SP, Rippeth JD, Conover E, Carey CL, Parsons TD, Tröster AI. 2006. Statistical Power of Studies Examining the Cognitive Effects of Subthalamic Nucleus Deep Brain Stimulation in Parkinson's Disease. *The Clinical Neuropsychologist*, 20(1): 27–38

List of Outcome Studies (347)

Aybek S, Lazeyras F, Gronchi-Perrin A, Burkhard PR, Villemure JG, Vingerhoets FJ. 2009. Hippocampal atrophy predicts conversion to dementia after STN-DBS in Parkinson's disease. *Parkinsonism and Related Disorders* 15(7): 521–4

Accolla E, Caputo E, Cogiamanian F, Tamma F, Mrakic-Spota S, Marceglia S, Egidi M, Rampini P, Locatelli M, Priori A. 2007. Gender differences in patients with Parkinson's disease treated with subthalamic deep brain stimulation. *Movement Disorders* 22(8): 1150–1156

Agostino R, Dinapoli L, Modugno N, Iezzi E, Gregori B, Esposito V, Romanelli P, Berardelli A. 2008. Ipsilateral sequential arm movement after unilateral subthalamic deep brain stimulation in Patients with Parkinson's disease. *Movement Disorders* 23(12): 1718–1724

Albanese A, Piacentini S, Romito LMA, Leone M, Franzini A, Broggi G, Bussone G, Burkhard PR, Ghika J, Berney A, Villemure J-G, Vingerhoets FJG. 2005. Suicide after successful deep brain stimulation for movement disorders. *Neurology* 65(3): 499

Alberts JL, Okun MS, Vitek JL. 2008. The persistent effect of unilateral pallidal and subthalamic deep brain stimulation on force control in advanced Parkinson's patients. *Parkinsonism and related disorders* 14: 481–488

- 1
 - 2
 - 3
 - 4
 - 5
 - 6
 - 7
 - 8
 - 9
 - 10
 - 11
 - 12
 - 13
 - 14
 - 15
 - 16
 - 17
 - 18
 - 19
 - 20
 - 21
 - 22
 - 23
 - 24
 - 25
 - 26
 - 27
 - 28
 - 29
 - 30
 - 31
 - 32
 - 33
 - 34
 - 35
 - 36
 - 37
 - 38
 - 39
 - 40
 - 41
 - 42
 - 43
 - 44
 - 45
 - 46
 - 47
 - 48
 - 49
 - 50
 - 51
 - 52
 - 53
 - 54
 - 55
 - 56
 - 57
 - 58
 - 59
 - 60
- Alberts JL, Voelcker-Rehage C, Hallahan K, Vitek M, Bamzai R, Vitek JL. 2008. Bilateral subthalamic stimulation impairs cognitive-motor performance in Parkinson's disease patients. *Brain* 131: 3348–3360
- Alegret M, Junqué C, Valldorola F, Vendrell P, Pilleri M, Rumià J, Tolosa E. 2001. Effects of Bilateral Subthalamic Stimulation on Cognitive Function in Parkinson Disease. *Arch Neurol* 58(8):1223–1227
- Amirnovin R, Williams ZM, Cosgrove GR, Eskandar EN. 2006. Experience with microelectrode guided subthalamic nucleus deep brain stimulation. *Neurosurgery* 58 (suppl): S96–102.
- Anderson VC, Burchiel KJ, Hogarth P, Favre J, Hammerstad JP. 2005. Pallidal vs Subthalamic Nucleus Deep Brain Stimulation in Parkinson Disease. *Archives of Neurology* 62(4): 554–560
- Anheim M, Fraix V, Chabardès S, Krack P, Benabid AL, Pollak P. 2007. Lifetime of Itrel II pulse generators for subthalamic nucleus stimulation in Parkinson's disease. *Mov Disord* 22: 2436–39.
- Anheim M, Batir A, Fraix V, Silem M, Chabardès S, Seigneuret E, Krack P, Benabid AL, Pollak P. 2008. Improvement in Parkinson Disease by Subthalamic Nucleus Stimulation Based on Electrode Placement. Effects of Reimplantation. *Arch Neurol* 65(5): 612–616
- Arai N, Yokochi F, Ohnishi T, Momose T, Okiyama R, Taniguchi M, Takahashi H, Matsuda H, Ugawa Y. 2008. Mechanisms of unilateral STN-DBS in patients with Parkinson's disease. A PET study. *Journal of Neurology* 255: 1236–1243
- Ardouin C, Pilon B, Peiffer E, Bejjani P, Limousin P, Damier P, Arnulf I, Benabid AL, Agid Y, Pollak P. 1999. Bilateral subthalamic or pallidal stimulation for Parkinson's disease affects neither memory nor executive functions: A consecutive series of 62 patients. *Annals of Neurology* 46(2): 217–223
- Ardouin C, Voon V, Worbe Y, Abouazar N, Czernecki V, Hosseini H, Pelissolo A, Moro E, Lhommee E, Lang AE, Agid Y, Benabid A-L, Pollak P, Mallet L, Krack P. 2006. Pathological Gambling in Parkinson's Disease Improves on Chronic Subthalamic Nucleus Stimulation. *Movement Disorders* 21(11): 1941–1946
- Arnulf I, Bejjani BP, Garma L, Bonnet AM, Houeto JL, Damier P, Derenne JP, Agid Y. 2000. Improvement of sleep architecture in PD with subthalamic nucleus stimulation. *Neurology* 55: 1732–35.
- Aybek S, Gronchi-Perrin A, Berney A, Catalano Chiuvé S, Villemure J-G, Burkhard PR, Vingerhoets FJG. 2007. Long-term cognitive profile and incidence of dementia after STN-DBS in Parkinson's disease. *Movement Disorders* 22(7): 974–981
- Ballanger B, van Eimeren T, Moro E, Lozano AM, Hamani C, Boulinguez P, Pellecchia G, Houle S, Poon YY, Lang AE, Strafella AP. 2009. Stimulation of the subthalamic nucleus and impulsivity: release your horses. *Ann Neurol*. 66(6): 817–24
- Bannier S, Montaurier C, Derost PP, Ulla M, Lemaire J-J, Boirie Y, Morio B, Durif F. 2009. Overweight after deep brain stimulation of the subthalamic nucleus in Parkinson disease: long term follow-up. *Journal of Neurology Neurosurgery and Psychiatry* 80(5): 484–488
- Bannier S, Montaurier C, Derost PP, Ulla M, Lemaire J-J, Boirie Y, Morio B, Durif F. 2008. Overweight after deep brain stimulation of the subthalamic nucleus in Parkinson disease: long term follow up. *J neurol neurosurg psychiatry* 80: 484–488
- Barichella M, Marczevska AM, Mariani C, Landi A, Vairo A, Pezzoli G. 2003. Body weight gain rate in patients with Parkinson's disease and deep brain stimulation. *Movement Disorders* 18(11): 1337–1340
- Bastian AJ, Kelly VE, Revilla FJ, Perlmuter JS, Mink JW. . 2003. Different effects of unilateral versus bilateral subthalamic nucleus stimulation on walking and reaching in Parkinson's disease. . *Mov Disord* 18: 1000–07.
- Bejjani BP, Dormont D, Pidoux B, Yelnik J, Damier P, Arnulf I, Bonnet A-M, Marsault C, Agid Y, Philippon J, Cornu P. 2000. Bilateral subthalamic stimulation for Parkinson's disease by using three-dimensional stereotactic magnetic resonance imaging and electrophysiological guidance. *J Neurosurg* 92: 615–625
- Bejjani B-P, Gervais D, Arnulf I, Papadopoulos S, Demeret S, Bonnet A-M, Cornu P, Damier P, Agid Y. 2000. Axial parkinsonian symptoms can be improved: the role of levodopa and bilateral subthalamic stimulation. *J Neurol Neurosurg Psychiatry* 68: 595–600
- Benabid A-L, Koudsié A, Benazzouz A, Fraix V, Ashraf A, Le Bas JF, Chabardès S, Pollak P. 2000. Subthalamic stimulation for Parkinson's Disease. *Archives of Medical Research* 31: 282–289
- Benabid AL, Krack P, Benazzouz A, Limousin P, Koudsié A, Pollak P. 2000. Deep brain stimulation of the subthalamic nucleus for Parkinson's disease: Methodologic aspects and clinical criteria. *Neurology* Volume 55(12) Supplement 6: S40–S44
- Beric A, Kelly PJ, Rezai A, Sterio D, Mogilner A, Zonenshayn M, Kopell B. 2001. Complications of deep brain stimulation surgery. *Stereotactic and Functional Neurosurgery* 77(1–4): 73–78
- Berney A, Panisset M, Sadikot AF, Ptito A, Dagher A, Fraraccio M, Savard G, Pell M, Benkelfat C. 2007. Mood stability during acute stimulator challenge in Parkinson's disease patients under long-term treatment with subthalamic deep brain stimulation. *Movement Disorders* 22(8): 1093–1096
- Berney A, Vingerhoets F, Perrin A, Guex P, Villemure J-G, Burkhard PR, Benkelfat C, Ghika J. 2002. Effect on mood of subthalamic DBS for Parkinson's disease. A consecutive series of 24 patients. *Neurology* 59: 1427–1429
- Binder DK, Rau GM, Starr PA. 2005. Risk factors for hemorrhage during microelectrode-guided deep brain stimulator implantation for movement disorders. *Neurosurgery* 56: 722–32.

Biseul I, Sauleau P, Haegelen C, Trebon P, Drapier D, Raoul S, Drapier S, Lallement F, Rivier I, Lajat Y, Verin M. 2005. Fear recognition is impaired by subthalamic nucleus stimulation in Parkinson's disease. *Neuropsychologia* 43(7): 1054–1059

Blomstedt P, Hariz MI. 2006. Are Complications Less Common in Deep Brain Stimulation than in Ablative Procedures for Movement Disorders? *Stereotact Funct Neurosurg* 84: 72–81

Blomstedt P, Hariz MI. 2005. Hardware-related complications of deep brain stimulation: a ten year experience. . *Acta Neurochir (Wien)* 147: 1061–64.

Bordini BJ, Garg A, Gallagher CL, Bell B, Garell PC. 2007. Neuropsychological effects of bilateral deep brain stimulation of the subthalamic nucleus in Parkinson's disease. *Stereotactic and Functional Neurosurgery* 85(2–3): 113–120

Broggi G, Franzini A, Ferroli P, Servello D, D'Incerti L, Genitrini S, Soliveri P, Girotti F, Caraceni T. 2001. Effect of bilateral subthalamic electrical stimulation in Parkinson's disease. *Surg. Neurol.* 56(2): 89–94

Brown RG, Dowsey PL, Brown P, Jahanshahi M, Pollak P, Benabid AL, Rodriguez-Oroz MC, Obeso J, Rothwell JC. . 1999. Impact of deep brain stimulation on upper limb akinesia in Parkinson's disease. *Ann Neurol.* 45(4):473–88

Brusa L, Pierantozzi M, Peppe A, Altibrandi MG, Giacomini P, Mazzone P, Stanzione P. 2001. Deep brain stimulation (DBS) attentional effects parallel those of l-dopa treatment. *J Neural Transm* 108(8–9): 1021–1027

Burchiel KJ, Anderson VC, Favre J, Hammerstad JP. 1999. Comparison of pallidal and subthalamic nucleus deep brain stimulation for advanced Parkinson's disease: Results of a randomized, blinded pilot study. *Neurosurgery* 45(6): 1375–1382

Burkhard PR, Vingerhoets FJG, Berney A, Bogousslavsky J, Villemure J–G, Ghika J. 2004. Suicide after successful deep brain stimulation for movement disorders. *Neurology* 63: 2170–2172

Cantiniiaux S, Vaugoyeau M, Robert D, Horrelou–Pitek C, Mancini J, Witjas T, Azulay JP. 2009. Comparative analysis of gait and speech in Parkinson's disease: hypokinetic or dysrhythmic disorders? *J Neurol Neurosurg Psychiatry.* 81(2):177–84

Capecci M, Ricciuti RA, Burini D, Bombace VG, Provinciali L, Iacoangeli M, Scerrati M, Ceravolo MG. 2005. Functional improvement after subthalamic stimulation in Parkinson's disease: a non-equivalent controlled study with 12–24 month follow up. *Journal of Neurology, Neurosurgery & Psychiatry* 76(6): 769–74

Capus L, Melatini A, Zorzon M, Torre P, Carraro N, Moretti D, Gioulis M, Moretti R, Sarra MV, Marsala SZ. . 2001. Chronic bilateral electrical stimulation of the subthalamic nucleus for the treatment of advanced Parkinson's disease. *Neurol Sci* 22(1): 57–8.

Casamitjana CFP, García S, Méndez AZ, Salazar MH, Suárez SS, Dávalos EM, Ortiz CG, Venegas JB, Granados FJV, Cervantes JH, Luna OM, Vázquez AG, Blanco JV, Salazar AM, Sosa A, Álvarez NIP, Cerdeira EO, Cosmes JJ. 2007. Quality of life in patients with Parkinson's disease and deep-brain-stimulation. *Medicina Interna de Mexico* 23(1): 7–14

Castelli L, Lanotte M, Zibetti M, Caglio M, Rizzi L, Ducati A, Bergamasco B, Lopiano L. 2007. Apathy and verbal fluency in STN-stimulated PD patients: An observational follow-up study. *Journal of Neurology J. Neurol.* 254(9): 1238–1243

Castelli L, Perozzo P, Genesia ML, Torre E, Pesare M, Cinquepalmi A, Lanotte M, Bergamasco B, Lopiano L. 2004. Sexual well being in parkinsonian patients after deep brain stimulation of the subthalamic nucleus. *J Neurol Neurosurg Psychiatry* 75: 1260–1264

Castelli L, Perozzo P, Zibetti M, Crivelli B, Morabito U, Lanotte M, Cossa F, Bergamasco B, Lopiano L. 2006. Chronic Deep Brain Stimulation of the Subthalamic Nucleus for Parkinson's Disease: Effects on Cognition, Mood, Anxiety and Personality Traits. *Eur Neurol* 55: 136–144

Castelli L, Rizzi L, Zibetti M, Angrisano S, Lanotte M, Lopiano L. 2009. Neuropsychological changes 1-year after subthalamic DBS in PD patients: A prospective controlled study. *Parkinsonism Relat Disord.* 16(2): 115–118

Castelli L, Zibetti M, Rizzi L, Caglio M, Lanotte M, Lopiano L. 2008. Neuropsychiatric symptoms three years after subthalamic DBS in PD patients. A case-control study. *J Neurol* 255: 1515–1520

Castner Joanna E, Chenery Helen J, Copland David A, Coyne Terry J, Sinclair Felicity, Silburn Peter A. 2007. Semantic and affective priming as a function of stimulation of the subthalamic nucleus in Parkinson's disease. *Brain* 130, 1395–1407

Ceballos-Baumann AO, Boecker H, Bartenstein P, von Falkenhayn I, Riescher H, Conrad B, Moringlane JR, Alesch F. 1999. A positron emission tomographic study of subthalamic nucleus stimulation in Parkinson disease: enhanced movement-related activity of motor-association cortex and decreased motor cortex resting activity. *Arch Neurol.* 56(8): 997–1003.

Charles PD, Van Blercom N, Krack P, Lee SL, Xie J, Besson G, Benabid A–L, Pollak P. 2002. Predictors of effective bilateral subthalamic nucleus stimulation for PD. *Neurology* 59: 932–934

Chen CC, Lee ST, Wu T, Chen CJ, Chen MC, Lu CS. 2003. Short-term effect of bilateral subthalamic stimulation for advanced Parkinson's disease. *Chang Gung Medical Journal* 26(5): 344–351

- Chung SJ, Jeon SR, Kum SR, Sung YH, Lee MC. 2006. Bilateral effects of unilateral subthalamic nucleus deep brain stimulation in advanced Parkinson's disease. *Eur Neurol* 56:127–132
- Cicolin A, Lopiano L, Zibetti M, Torre E, Tavella A, Guastamacchia G, Terreni A, Makrydakis G, Fattori E, Lanotte MM, Bergamasco B, Mutani R. 2004. Effects of deep brain stimulation of the subthalamic nucleus on sleep architecture in parkinsonian patients. *Sleep Med.* 5(2):207–10
- Cilia R, Siri C, Marotta G, De Gaspari D, Landi A, Mariani CB, Benti R, Isaia IU, Vergani F, Pezzoli G, Antonini A. 2007. Brain networks underlining verbal fluency decline during STN-DBS in Parkinson's disease: An ECD-SPECT study. *Parkinsonism and Related Disorders* 13 (2007) 290–294
- Colnat-Coulbois S, Gauchard GC, Maillard L, Barroche G, Vespignani H, Auque J, Perrin PP. 2005. Bilateral subthalamic nucleus stimulation improves balance control in Parkinson's disease. *Journal of Neurology, Neurosurgery & Psychiatry* 76(6): 780–7
- Contarino MF, Daniele A, Sibilio AH, Romito LMA, Bentivoglio AR, Gainotti G, Albanese A. 2007. Cognitive outcome 5 years after bilateral chronic stimulation of subthalamic nucleus in patients with Parkinson's disease. *Journal of Neurology, Neurosurgery & Psychiatry* 78(3): 248–52
- Crenna P, Carpinella I, Rabuffetti M, Rizzone M, Lopiano L, Lanotte M, Ferrarin M. 2006. Impact of subthalamic nucleus stimulation on the initiation of gait in Parkinson's disease. *Exp Brain Res* 172: 519–532
- Czernecki V, Pillon B, Houeto JL, Welter ML, Mesnage V, Agid Y, Dubois B. 2005. Does bilateral stimulation of the subthalamic nucleus aggravate apathy in Parkinson's disease?. *Journal of Neurology, Neurosurgery & Psychiatry* 76(6): 775–9
- Daniele A, Albanese A, Contarino MF, Zinzi P, Barbier A, Gasparini F, Romito L M A, Bentivoglio A R, Scerrati M. 2003. Cognitive and behavioural effects of chronic stimulation of the subthalamic nucleus in patients with Parkinson's disease. *J Neurol Neurosurg Psychiatry* 74: 175–182
- De Gaspari D, Siri C, Di Gioia M, Antonini A, Isella C, Pizzolato A, Landi A, Vergani F, Gaini SM, Appollonio IM, Pezzoli G. 2006. Clinical correlates and cognitive underpinnings of verbal fluency impairment after chronic subthalamic stimulation in Parkinson's disease. *Parkinsonism and Related Disorders* 12: 289–295
- De Gaspari D, Siri C, Landi A, Cili R, Bonetti A, Natuzzi F, Morgante L, Mariani CB, Sganzerla E, Pezzoli G, Antonini A. 2006. Clinical and neuropsychological follow up at 12 months in patients with complicated Parkinson's disease treated with subcutaneous apomorphine infusion or deep brain stimulation of the subthalamic nucleus. *J Neurol Neurosurg Psychiatry* 77: 450–453
- Deep-Brain Stimulation for Parkinson's Disease Study Group. 2001. Deep-brain stimulation of the subthalamic nucleus or the pars interna of the globus pallidus in Parkinson's disease. *New England Journal of Medicine* 345(13): 956–63
- Denheyer M, Kiss ZH, Haffenden AM. 2009. Behavioral effects of subthalamic deep brain stimulation in Parkinson's disease. *Neuropsychologia* 47(14):3203–9
- Derost P-P, Ouchchane L, Morand D, Ulla M, Llorca P-M, Barget M, Debilly B, Lemaire J-J, Durif F. 2007. Is DBS-STN appropriate to treat severe Parkinson disease in an elderly population? *Neurology* 68(17): 1345–1355
- Deuschl G, Franke S. 2007. Deep brain stimulation in the therapy of advanced Parkinson's disease. *Nervenheilkunde* 26(4): 251–4
- Deuschl G, Schade-Brittinger C, Krack P, Volkmann J, Schäfer H, Bötzel K, Daniels C, Deutschländer A, Dillmann U, Eisner W, Gruber D, Hamel W, Herzog J, Hilker R, Klebe S, Klo M, Koy J, Krause M, Kupsch A, Lorenz D, Lorenz S, Mehdorn HM, Moriglane JR, Oertel W, Pinski MO, Reichmann R, Reu A, Schneider G-H, Schnitzler A, Steude U, Sturm V, Timmermann L, Tronnier V, Trottenberg T, Wojtecki L, Wolf E, Poewe W, Voges J. 2006. A Randomized Trial of Deep-Brain Stimulation for Parkinson's Disease. *N Engl J Med* 355: 896–908.
- Doshi PK, Chhaya NA, Bhatt MH. 2003. Bilateral subthalamic nucleus stimulation for Parkinson's disease. *Neurology India* 51(1): 43–48
- Drapier D, Drapier S, Sauleau P, Haegelen C, Raoul S, Biseul I, Peron J, Lallement F, Rivier I, Reymann JM, Edan G, Verin M, Millet B. 2006. Does subthalamic nucleus stimulation induce apathy in Parkinson's disease?. *J Neurol* 253: 1083–1091
- Drapier D, Peron J, Leray E, Sauleau P, Biseul I, Drapier S, Le Jeune F, Travers D, Bourguignon A, Haegelen C, Millet B, Verin M. 2008. Emotion recognition impairment and apathy after subthalamic nucleus stimulation in Parkinson's disease have separate neural substrates. *Neuropsychologia* 46 : 2796–2801
- Drapier S, Raoul S, Drapier D, Leray E, Lallement F, Rivier I, Sauleau P, Lajat Y, Edan G, Verin M. 2005. Only physical aspects of quality of life are significantly improved by bilateral subthalamic stimulation in Parkinson's disease. *Journal of Neurology* 252(5): 583–588
- Dromey C, Kumar R, Lang AE, Lonzano AM. 2000. An investigation of the effects of subthalamic nucleus stimulation on acoustic measures of voice. *Movement disorders* 15(6): 1132–1138
- Dujardin K, Blairy S, Defebvre L, Krystkowiak P, Hess U, Blond S, Destee A. 2004. Subthalamic nucleus stimulation induces deficits in decoding emotional facial expressions in Parkinson's disease. *J Neurol Neurosurg Psychiatry* 75: 202–208

- 1
- 2
- 3 Dujardin K, Defebvre L, Krystkowiak P, Blond S, Destée A. 2001. Influence of chronic bilateral stimulation of
- 4 the subthalamic nucleus on cognitive function in Parkinson's disease. *Journal of Neurology* 248(7): 603–
- 5 611
- 6 Ellis Tina-Marie, Foote Kelly D, Fernandez Hubert H, Sudhyadhom Atchar, Rodriguez Ramon L, Zeilman
- 7 Pamela, Jacobson IV Charles E, Okun Michael S. 2008. Reoperation of suboptimal outcomes after deep
- 8 brain stimulation surgery. *Neurosurgery* 63: 754–761
- 9 Erola T. 2006. Deep brain stimulation of the subthalamic nucleus in Parkinson's disease. Dissertation
- 10 Erola T, Heikkinen ER, Haapaniemi T, Tuominen J, Juolasmaa A, Myllylä VV. 2006. Efficacy of bilateral
- 11 subthalamic nucleus (STN) stimulation in Parkinson's disease. *Acta Neurochir (Wien)* 148: 389–394
- 12 Erola T, Karinen P, Heikkinen E, Tuominen J, Haapaniemi T, Myllylä V, Koivukangas J. 2006. Bilateral
- 13 subthalamic nucleus deep brain stimulation: the direct costs compared to the effects. *Annals in*
- 14 *Neurosurgery* 6(1): 1–7
- 15 Erola T, Karinen P, Heikkinen E, Tuominen J, Haapaniemi T, Koivukangas J, Myllylä V. 2005. Bilateral
- 16 subthalamic nucleus stimulation improves health-related quality of life in Parkinsonian patients.
- 17 *Parkinsonism & Related Disorders* 11(2): 89–94
- 18 Eskandart EN, Flaherty A, Cosgrove GR, Shinobu LA, Barker FG. 2003. Surgery for Parkinson disease in the
- 19 United States, 1996 to 2000: practice patterns, short-term outcomes, and hospital charges in a nationwide
- 20 sample. *Journal of Neurosurgery* 99(5): 863–871
- 21 Esselink RAJ, de Bie RMA, de Haan RJ, Lenders MWPM, Nijssen PCG, Staal MJ, Smeding HMM, Schuurman
- 22 PR, Bosch DA, Speelman JD. 2004. Unilateral pallidotomy versus bilateral subthalamic nucleus
- 23 stimulation in PD. A randomized trial. *Neurology* 62: 201–207
- 24 Esselink RAJ, de Bie RMA, de Haan RJ, Steur ENHJ, Beute GN, Portman AT, Schuurman PR, Bosch DA,
- 25 Speelman JD. 2006. Unilateral pallidotomy versus bilateral subthalamic nucleus stimulation in Parkinson's
- 26 disease: one year follow-up of a randomised observer-blind multi centre trial. *Acta Neurochir (Wien)* 148:
- 27 1247–1255
- 28 Faist M, Xie J, Kurz D, Berger W, Maurer C, Pollak P, Lücking CH. 2001. Effect of bilateral subthalamic
- 29 nucleus stimulation on gait in Parkinson's disease. *Brain* 124: 1590–1600
- 30 Ferrara J, Diamond A, Hunter C, Davidson A, Almaguer M, Jankovic J. 2009. Impact of STN-DBS on life and
- 31 health satisfaction in patients with Parkinson's disease. *J Neurol Neurosurg Psychiatry* 81(3): 315–9. Epub
- 32 2009
- 33 Ferrarin M, Rizzone M, Bergamasco B, Lanotte M, Recalcati M, Pedotti A, Lopiano L. 2005. Effects of bilateral
- 34 subthalamic stimulation on gait kinematics and kinetics in Parkinson's disease. *Exp Brain Res* 160: 517–
- 35 527
- 36 Figueiras-Méndez R, Regidor I, Riva-Meana C, Magariños-Ascone CM. 2002. Further supporting evidence of
- 37 beneficial subthalamic stimulation in Parkinson's patients. *Neurology* 58: 469–500
- 38 Fimm B, Heber IA, Coenen VA, Fromm C, Noth J, Kronenburger M. 2009. Deep brain stimulation of the
- 39 subthalamic nucleus improves intrinsic alertness in Parkinson's disease. *Mov Disord.* 24(11):1613–20.
- 40 Finazzi-Agro E, Peppe A, D'Amico A, Petta F, Mazzone P, Stanzione P, Micali F, Caltagirone C. 2003. Effects
- 41 of subthalamic nucleus stimulation on urodynamic findings in patients with Parkinson's disease. *J Urol*
- 42 169: 1388–91.
- 43 Foffani G, Ardolino G, Egidio M, Caputo E, Bossi B, Priori A. 2006. Subthalamic oscillatory activities at beta or
- 44 higher frequency do not change after high-frequency DBS in Parkinson's disease. *Brain Research Bulletin*
- 45 69, 123–130
- 46 Ford B, Winfield L, Pullman SL, Frucht SJ, Du Y, Greene P, Cheringal JH, Yu Q, Cote LJ, Fahn S, McKhann II
- 47 GM, Goodman RR. 2004. Subthalamic nucleus stimulation in advanced Parkinson's disease: blinded
- 48 assessments at one year follow up. *J Neurol Neurosurg Psychiatry* 75: 1255–1259
- 49 Fraix V, Houeto J-L, Lagrange C, Le Pen C, Krystkowiak P, Guehl D, Ardouin C, Welter M-L, Maurel F,
- 50 Defebvre L, Rougier A, Benabid A-L, Mesnage V, Ligier M, Blond S, Burbaud P, Bioulac B, Destee A,
- 51 Cornu P, Pollak P. 2006. Clinical and economic results of bilateral subthalamic nucleus stimulation in
- 52 Parkinson's disease. *J Neurol Neurosurg Psychiatry* 77: 443–449
- 53 Fraix V, Pollak P, Moro E, Chabardes S, Xie J, Ardouin C, Benabid AL. 2005. Subthalamic nucleus stimulation
- 54 in tremor dominant parkinsonian patients with previous thalamic surgery. *Journal of Neurology*
- 55 *Neurosurgery and Psychiatry* 76(2): 246–248
- 56 Fraix V, Pollak P, Van Blercom N, Xie J, Krack P, Koudsie A, Benabid AL. 2000. Effect of subthalamic nucleus
- 57 stimulation on levodopa-induced dyskinesia in Parkinson's disease. *Neurology* 55: 1921–1923
- 58 Frank MJ, Samanta J, Moustafa AA, Sherman SJ. 2007. Hold your horses: Impulsivity, deep brain stimulation,
- 59 and medication in Parkinsonism. *Science* 318(5854): 1309–1312
- 60 Fraraccio M, Ptito A, Sadikot A, Panisset M, Dagher A. 2008. Absence of cognitive deficits following deep
- brain stimulation of the subthalamic nucleus for the treatment of Parkinson's disease. *Archives of Clinical*
- Neuropsychology* 23: 399–408

- 1
- 2
- 3 Funkiewiez A, Ardouin C, Caputo E, Krack P, Fraix V, Klinger H, Chabardes S, Foote K, Benabid A-L, Pollak
- 4 P. 2004. Long term effects of bilateral subthalamic nucleus stimulation on cognitive function, mood, and
- 5 behaviour in Parkinson's disease. *J Neurol Neurosurg Psychiatry* 75: 834-839
- 6 Funkiewiez A, Ardouin C, Cools R, Krack P, Fraix V, Batir A, Chabardes S, Benabid A-L, Robbins TW, Pollak
- 7 P. 2006. Effects of Levodopa and Subthalamic Nucleus Stimulation on Cognitive and Affective
- 8 Functioning in Parkinson's Disease. *Movement Disorders* 21(10): 1656-1662
- 9 Funkiewiez A, Ardouin C, Krack P, Fraix V, Van Blercom N, Xie J, Moro E, Benabid A-L, Pollak P. 2003.
- 10 Acute psychotropic effects of bilateral subthalamic nucleus stimulation and levodopa in Parkinson's
- 11 disease. *Movement Disorders* 18(5): 524-530
- 12 Gan J, Xie-Brustolin J, Mertens P, Polo G, Klinger H, Mollion H, Benatru I, Henry E, Broussolle E, Thobois S.
- 13 2007. Bilateral subthalamic nucleus stimulation in advanced Parkinson's disease: Three years follow-up.
- 14 *Journal of Neurology J. Neurol.* 254(1): 99-106
- 15 Geday J, Ostergaard K, Gjedde A. 2006. Stimulation of subthalamic nucleus inhibits emotional activation of
- 16 fusiform gyrus. *NeuroImage* 33: 706-714
- 17 Gentil M, Chauvin P, Pinto S, Pollak P, Benabid AL. 2001. Effect of bilateral stimulation of the subthalamic
- 18 nucleus on parkinsonian voice. *Brain Lang* 78(2):233-40.
- 19 Gentil M, Garcia-Ruiz P, Pollak P, Benabid AL . 2000. Effect of Bilateral Deep-Brain Stimulation on Oral
- 20 Control of Patients with Parkinsonism. *Eur Neurol* 44: 147-152
- 21 Gentil M, Garcia-Ruiz P, Pollak P, Benabid AL. 1999. Effect of stimulation of the subthalamic nucleus on oral
- 22 control of patients with parkinsonism. *J Neurol Neurosurg Psychiatry* 67(3):329-33
- 23 Gentil M, Pinto S, Pollak P, Benabid AL. 2003. Effect of bilateral stimulation of the subthalamic nucleus on
- 24 parkinsonian dysarthria. *Brain Lang* 85: 190-96.
- 25 Germano IM, Gracies J-M, Weisz DJ, Tse T, Koller WC, Olanow CW. 2004. Unilateral stimulation of the
- 26 subthalamic nucleus in Parkinson disease: a double-blind 12-month evaluation study. *J Neurosurg*
- 27 101:36-42, 2004
- 28 Gervais-Bernard H, Xie-Brustolin J, Mertens P, Polo G, Klinger H, Adamec D, Broussolle E, Thobois S. 2009.
- 29 Bilateral subthalamic nucleus stimulation in advanced Parkinson's disease: Five year follow-up. *Journal of*
- 30 *Neurology* 256(2): 225-233
- 31 Gill Chandler E, Konrad Peter E, Davis Thomas L, Charles David. 2007. Deep brain stimulation for Parkinson's
- 32 disease: the Vanderbilt University Medical Center experience, 1998-2004 . *Tennessee medicine : journal*
- 33 *of the Tennessee Medical Association. Tenn Med* 100(4): 45-47.
- 34 Gironell A, Kulisevsky J, Rami L, García-Sánchez NFC, Pascual-Sedano B. 2003. Effects of pallidotomy and
- 35 bilateral subthalamic stimulation on cognitive function in Parkinson disease. *J Neurol* 250 : 917-923
- 36 Gisquet Elsa. 2008. Cerebral implants and Parkinson's disease: A unique form of biographical disruption?.
- 37 *Social Science & Medicine* 67: 1847-1851
- 38 Gómez-Esteban Juan C, Lezcano Elena, Zarranz Juan J, González Carmen, Bilbao Gaizka, Lambarri Imanol,
- 39 Garibi Jesús. 2008. Outcome of bilateral deep brain stimulation in patients carrying the R1441G mutation
- 40 in the LRRK2 dardarin gene. *Neurosurgery* 62:857-863, 2008
- 41 Goodman RR, Kim B, McClelland III S, Senatus PB, Winfield LM, Pullman SL, Yu Q, Ford B, McKhann II
- 42 GM. 2006. Operative techniques and morbidity with subthalamic nucleus deep brain stimulation in 100
- 43 consecutive patients with advanced Parkinson's disease. *J Neurol Neurosurg Psychiatry* 77: 12-17
- 44 Gorgulho A, De Salles AA, Frighetto L, Behnke E. . 2005. Incidence of hemorrhage associated with
- 45 electrophysiological studies performed using macroelectrodes and microelectrodes in
- 46 functional neurosurgery. . *J Neurosurg* 102: 888-96.
- 47 Gronchi-Perrin A, Viollier S, Ghika J, Combremont P, Villemure J-G, Bogousslavsky J, Burkhard PR,
- 48 Vingerhoets F. 2006. Does Subthalamic Nucleus Deep Brain Stimulation Really Improve Quality of Life
- 49 in Parkinson's Disease? *Movement Disorders* 21(9): 1465-1468
- 50 Guehl D, Cuny E, Benazzouz A, Rougier A, Tison F, Machado S, Grabot D, Gross C, Bioulac B, Burbaud P.
- 51 2006. Side-effects of subthalamic stimulation in Parkinson's disease: clinical evolution and predictive
- 52 factors. *European Journal of Neurology* 2006, 13: 963-971
- 53 Guo X, Gao G, Wang X, Li, L, Li W, Liang Q, Zhang H. 2008. Effects of bilateral deep brain stimulation of the
- 54 subthalamic nucleus on olfactory function in parkinson's disease patients. *Stereotact Funct Neurosurg* 86:
- 55 237-244
- 56 Haegelen C, García-Lorenzo D, Le Jeune F, Péron J, Gibaud B, Riffaud L, Brassier G, Barillot C, Vérin M,
- 57 Morandi X. 2009. SPECT and PET analysis of subthalamic stimulation in Parkinson's disease: analysis
- 58 using a manual segmentation. *J Neurol* 257(3): 375-82. Epub 2009
- 59 Haegelen C, Verin M, Aubert Broche B, Prigent F, Jannin P, Gibaud B, Morandi X. 2005. Does subthalamic
- 60 nucleus stimulation affect the frontal limbic areas? A single-photon emission computed tomography study
- using a manual anatomical segmentation method. *Surg Radiol Anat* 27: 389-394
- Hälbjg TD, Gruber D, Kopp UA, Scherer P, Schneider G-H, Trottenberg T, Arnold G, Kupsch A. 2004.
- Subthalamic stimulation differentially modulates declarative and nondeclarative memory. *Neuroreport*
- 15(3): 539-543

Hälbig TD, Tse W, Frisina PG, Baker BR, Hollander E, Shapiro H, Tagliati M, Koller WC, Olanow CW. 2009. Subthalamic deep brain stimulation and impulse control in Parkinson's disease. *European Journal of Neurology* 16: 493–497

Hariz GM, Lindberg M, Hariz MI, Bergenheim AT. 2003. Gender differences in disability and health-related quality of life in patients with Parkinson's disease treated with stereotactic surgery. *Acta Neurologica Scandinavica* 108(1): 28–37

Hariz MI, Rehnström S, Quinn NP, Speelman JD, Wensing C, and the Multicentre Advanced Parkinson's Disease Deep Brain Stimulation Group. 2008. Multicenter Study on Deep Brain Stimulation in Parkinson's Disease: An Independent Assessment of Reported Adverse Events at 4 Years. *Movement Disorders* 23(3): 416–421

Hausdorff JM, Gruendlinger L, Scollins L, O'Herron S, Tarsy D. 2009. Deep brain stimulation effects on gait variability in Parkinson's disease. *Mov Disord* 24(11): 1688–92.

Heo Jae-Hyeok, Lee Kyoung-Min, Paek Sun Ha, Kim Min-Jeong, Lee Jee-Young, Kim Ji-Young, Cho Soo-Young, Lim Yong Hoon, Kim Mi-Ryoung, Jeong Soo Yeon, Jeon Beom S. 2008. The effects of bilateral Subthalamic Nucleus Deep Brain Stimulation (STN DBS) on cognition in Parkinson disease. *Journal of the Neurological Sciences* 273: 19–24

Hershey T, Revilla FJ, Wernle A, Schneider Gibson P, Dowling JL, Perlmuter JS. 2004. Stimulation of STN impairs aspects of cognitive control in PD. *Neurology* 62: 1110–1114

Hershey T, Revilla FJ, Wernle AR, McGee-Minnich L, Antenor JV, Videen TO, Dowling JL, Mink JW, Perlmuter JS. 2003. Cortical and subcortical blood flow effects of subthalamic nucleus stimulation in PD. *Neurology* 61: 816–821

Hershey T, Wu J, Weaver PM, Perantie DC, Karimi M, Tabbal SD, Perlmuter JS. 2008. Unilateral vs. bilateral STN DBS effects on working memory and motor function in Parkinson disease. *Experimental Neurology* 210: 402–408

Herzog J, Volkmann J, Krack P, Kopper F, Pötter M, Lorenz D, Steinbach M, Klebe S, Hamel W, Schrader B, Weinert D, Müller D, Mehdorn HM, Deuschl G. 2003. Two-year follow-up of subthalamic deep brain stimulation in Parkinson's disease. *Movement Disorders* 18(11): 1332–1337

Higginson CI, Wheelock VL, Levine D, King DS, Pappas CTE, Sigvardt KA. 2009. The clinical significance of neuropsychological changes following bilateral subthalamic nucleus deep brain stimulation for Parkinson's disease. *Journal of Clinical and Experimental Neuropsychology* 31(1): 65–72

Hilker R, Portman AT, Voges J, Staal MJ, Burghaus L, van Laar T, Koulousakis A, Maguire RP, Pruim J, de Jong BM, Herholz K, Sturm V, Heiß W-D, Leenders KL. 2005. Disease progression continues in patients with advanced Parkinson's disease and effective subthalamic nucleus stimulation. *Journal of Neurology, Neurosurgery and Psychiatry J. Neurol. Neurosurg. Psychiatry* 76(9): 1217–1221

Hilker R, Voges J, Weber T, Kracht LW, Roggendorf J, Baudrexel S, Hoevels M, Sturm V, Heiss WD. 2008. STN-DBS activates the target area in parkinson disease. A FDG-PET study. *Neurology* 71: 708–713

Hilker R, Voges J, Weisenbach S, Kalbe E, Burghaus L, Ghaemi M, Lehrke R, Koulousakis A, Herholz K, Sturm V, Heiss W-D. 2004. Subthalamic nucleus stimulation restores glucose metabolism in associative and limbic cortices and in cerebellum: evidence from a FDG-PET study in advanced Parkinson's disease. *Journal of cerebral blood flow & metabolism* 24(1): 7–16

Hilker R, Voges J, Weisenbach S, Kalbe E, Burghaus L, Ghaemi M, Lehrke R, Koulousakis A, Herholz K, Sturm V, Heiss W-D. 2003. Subthalamic Nucleus Stimulation Restores Glucose Metabolism in Associative and Limbic Cortices and in Cerebellum: Evidence from a FDG-PET Study in Advanced Parkinson's Disease. *Journal of Cerebral Blood Flow & Metabolism* 24:7–16

Hjort N, Ostergaard K, Dupont E. 2004. Improvement of sleep quality inpatients with advanced Parkinson's disease treated with deep brainstimulation of the subthalamic nucleus. *Mov Disord* 19: 196–99.

Houeto JL, Damier P, Bejjani PB, Stedler C, Bonnet AM, Arnulf I, Pidoux B, Dormont D, Cornu P, Agid Y. 2000. Subthalamic Stimulation in Parkinson Disease. A Multidisciplinary Approach. *Arch Neurol* 57: 461–465

Houeto J-L, Mallet L, Mesnage V, du Montcel ST, Behar C, Gargiulo M, Torny F, Pelissolo A, Welter M-L, Agid Y. 2006. Subthalamic Stimulation in Parkinson Disease. *Behavior and Social Adaptation. Arch Neurol* 63: 1090–1095

Houeto JL, Mesnage V, Mallet L, Pillon B, Gargiulo M, Tezenas du Moncel S, Bonnet AM, Pidoux B, Dormont D, Cornu P, Agid Y. 2002. Behavioural disorders, Parkinson's disease and subthalamic stimulation. *J Neurol Neurosurg Psychiatry* 72: 701–707

Houeto JL, Mesnage V, Welter ML, Mallet L, Agid Y, Bejjani BP. 2003. Subthalamic DBS replaces levodopa in Parkinson's disease: two year follow up. *Neurology* 60: 154–55.

Hummel T, Jahnke U, Sommer U, Reichmann H, Müller A. 2005. Olfactory function in patients with idiopathic Parkinson's disease: effects of deep brain stimulation in the subthalamic nucleus. *J Neural Transm.* 112(5): 669–76

Iansek R, Rosenfeld JV, Huxham FE. 2002. Deep brain stimulation of the subthalamic nucleus in Parkinson's disease. *MJA* 177: 142–146

- 1
- 2
- 3 Iranzo A, Valldeoriola F, Santamaria J, Tolosa E, Rumia J. 2002. Sleep symptoms and polysomnographic
- 4 architecture in advanced Parkinson's disease after chronic bilateral subthalamic stimulation. *J Neurol*
- 5 *Suerosurg Psychiatry* 72: 661–664
- 6 Israel Z, Hassin-Baer S. 2005. Subthalamic Stimulation for Parkinson's Disease. *IMAJ* 7: 458–463
- 7 Jaggi JL, Umemura A, Hurtig HI, Siderowf AD, Colcher A, Stern MB, Baltuch GH. 2004. Bilateral Stimulation
- 8 of the Subthalamic Nucleus in Parkinson's Disease: Surgical Efficacy and Prediction of Outcome.
- 9 *Stereotact Funct Neurosurg* 82: 104–114
- 10 Jahanshahi M, Ardouin CMA, Brown RG, Rothwell JC, Obeso J, Albanese A, Rodriguez-Oroz MC, Moro E,
- 11 Benabid AL, Pollak P, Limousin-Dowsey P. 2000. The impact of deep brain stimulation on executive
- 12 function in Parkinson's disease. *Brain* 123: 1142–1154
- 13 Joint C, Nandi D, Parkin S, Gregory R, Aziz T. 2002. Hardware-related problems of deep brain stimulation.
- 14 *Movement disorders* 17(3): S175–S180
- 15 Just H, Ostergaard K. 2002. Health-Related Quality of Life in Patients with Advanced Parkinson's Disease
- 16 Treated with Deep Brain Stimulation of the Subthalamic Nuclei. *Movement Disorders* 17(3): 539–545
- 17 Kalteis K, Standhardt H, Kryspin-Exner I, Brucke T, Volc D, Alesch F. 2006. Influence of bilateral Stn-
- 18 stimulation on psychiatric symptoms and psychosocial functioning in patients with Parkinson's disease. *J*
- 19 *Neural Transm* 113: 1191–1206
- 20 Katayama Y, Kasai M, Oshima H, Fukaya C, Yamamoto T, Ogawa K, Mizutani T. 2001. Subthalamic nucleus
- 21 stimulation for Parkinson disease: benefits observed in levodopa-intolerant patients. *J Neurosurg* 95(2):
- 22 213–221
- 23 Kenney C, Simpson R, Hunter C, Ondo W, Almaguer M, Davidson A, Jankovic J. 2007. Short-term and long-
- 24 term safety of deep brain stimulation in the treatment of movement disorders. *Journal of Neurosurgery*
- 25 106(4): 621–625
- 26 Kleiner-Fisman G, Fisman D, Sime E, Saint-Cyr JA, Lozano AM, Lang AE. 2003. Long-term follow up of
- 27 bilateral deep brain stimulation of the subthalamic nucleus in patients with advanced Parkinson disease. *J*
- 28 *Neurosurg* 99:489–495
- 29 Kleiner-Fisman G, Fisman DN, Zamir O, Dostrovsky JO, Sime E, Saint-Cyr JA, Lozano AM, Lang AE. 2004.
- 30 Subthalamic Nucleus Deep Brain Stimulation for Parkinson's Disease After Successful Pallidotomy:
- 31 Clinical and Electrophysiological Observations. *Movement Disorders* 19(10): 1209–1214
- 32 Klempřová O, Jech R, Urgošik D, Klempř J, Špačková N, Roth J, Růžicka E. 2007. Deep Brain Stimulation of
- 33 the Subthalamic Nucleus and Cognitive Functions in Parkinson's Disease. *Prague Medical Report* 108(4):
- 34 315–323
- 35 Klostermann F, Ehlen F, Vesper J, Nubel K, Gross M, Marzinzik F, Curio G, Sappok T. 2008. Effects of
- 36 subthalamic deep brain stimulation on dysarthrophonia in Parkinson's disease. *J Neurol Neurosurg*
- 37 *Psychiatry* 79(5): 522–9
- 38 Koch G, Brusa L, Caltagiore C, Oliveri M, Peppe A, Tiraboschi P, Stanzione P. 2004. Subthalamic deep brain
- 39 stimulation improves time perception in Parkinson's disease. *NeuroReport* 15(6): 1071–1073
- 40 Krack P, Batir A, Van Blercom N, Chabardes S, Fraix V, Ardouin C, Koudsie A, Dowsey Limousin P,
- 41 Benazzouz A, LeBas JF, Benabid AL, Pollak P. 2003. Five-year follow-up of bilateral stimulation of the
- 42 subthalamic nucleus in advanced Parkinson's disease. *New England Journal of Medicine* 349(20): 1925–
- 43 1934
- 44 Krack P, Benazzouz A, Pollak P, Limousin P, Piallat B, Hoffmann D, Xie J, Benabid AL. 1998. Treatment of
- 45 Tremor in Parkinson's Disease by Subthalamic Nucleus Stimulation. *Movement Disorders* 13(6): 907–914
- 46 Krack P, Limousin P, Benabid AL, Pollak P. 1997. Chronic stimulation of subthalamic nucleus improves
- 47 levodopa-induced dyskinesias in Parkinson's disease. *Lancet* 350(9092): 1676
- 48 Krack P, Pollak P, Limousin P, Benazzouz A, Benabid AL. 1997. Stimulation of subthalamic nucleus alleviates
- 49 tremor in Parkinson's disease. *Lancet* 350(9092): 1675
- 50 Krack P, Pollak P, Limousin P, Benazzouz A, Deuschl G, Benabid AL. 1999. From off-period dystonia to peak-
- 51 dose chorea. The clinical spectrum of varying subthalamic nucleus activity. *Brain* 122 (6): 1133–46.
- 52 Krack P, Pollak P, Limousin P, Hoffmann D, Xie J, Benazzouz A, Benabid AL. 1998. Subthalamic nucleus or
- 53 internal pallidal stimulation in young onset Parkinson's disease. *Brain* 121: 451–457
- 54 Krause M, Fogel W, Heck A, Hacke W, Bonsanto M, Trenkwalder C, Tronnier V. 2001. Deep brain stimulation
- 55 for the treatment of Parkinson's disease: subthalamic nucleus versus globus pallidus internus. *Journal of*
- 56 *Neurology Neurosurgery and Psychiatry* 70(4): 464–470
- 57 Krause M, Fogel W, Mayer P, Kloss M, Tronnier V. 2004. Chronic inhibition of the subthalamic nucleus in
- 58 Parkinson's disease. *Journal of the Neurological Sciences* 219: 119–124
- 59 Krystkowiak P, Blatt JL, Bourriez J-L, Duhamel A, Perina M, Blond S, Guieu J-D, Destée A, Defebvre L. 2003.
- 60 Effects of Subthalamic Nucleus Stimulation and Levodopa Treatment on Gait Abnormalities in Parkinson Disease. *Arch Neurol*. 60(1):80–84.
- Kühn AA, Hariz MI, Silberstein P, Tisch S, Kupsch A, Schneider G-H, Limousin-Dowsey P, Yarrow K, Brown P. 2005. Activation of the subthalamic region during emotional processing in Parkinson disease. *Neurology* 65: 707–713

- 1
- 2
- 3 Kühn AA, Kempf F, Brücke C, Doyle LG, Martínez-Torres I, Pogosyan A, Trottenberg T, Kupsch A, Schneider
- 4 G-H, Hariz MI, Vandenbergh W, Nuttin B, Brown P. 2008. High frequency stimulation of the
- 5 subthalamic nucleus suppresses oscillatory beta activity in patients with parkinson's disease in parallel with
- 6 improvement in motor performance. *The Journal of Neuroscience* 28(24): 6165–6173
- 7 Kumar R, Lozano A, Sime E, Hallett E, Lang AE. 1999. Comparative effects of unilateral and bilateral
- 8 subthalamic nucleus deep brain stimulation. *Neurology* Volume 53(3), 11 August 1999, pp 561–566
- 9 Kumar R, Lozano AM, Kim YJ, Hutchison WD, Sime E, Hallett E, Lang AE. 1998. Double-blind evaluation of
- 10 subthalamic nucleus deep brain stimulation in advanced Parkinson's disease. *Neurology* 51: 850–855
- 11 Kuriakose R, Saha U, Castillo G, Udupa K, Ni Z, Gunraj C, Mazzella F, Hamani C, Lang AE, Moro E, Lozano
- 12 AM, Hodaie M, Chen R. 2009. The Nature and Time Course of Cortical Activation Following
- 13 Subthalamic Stimulation in Parkinson's Disease. *Cereb Cortex*. 2009 Dec 17. [Epub ahead of print]
- 14 Lagrange E, Krack P, Moro E, Ardouin C, Van Blercom N, Chabardes S, Benabid AL, Pollak P. 2002. Bilateral
- 15 subthalamic nucleus stimulation improves health-related quality of life in PD. *Neurology* 59: 1976–1978
- 16 Landi A, Parolin M, Piolti R, Antonini A, Grimaldi M, Crespi M, Iurlaro S, Aliprandi A, Pezzoli G, Ferrarese C,
- 17 Gaini SM. 2003. Deep brain stimulation for the treatment of Parkinson's disease: The experience of the
- 18 Neurosurgical Department in Monza. *Neurological Sciences* 24 (Suppl 1): S43–S44
- 19 Lanotte MM, Rizzone M, Bergamasco B, Faccani G, Melcarne A, Lopiano L. 2002. Deep brain stimulation of
- 20 the subthalamic nucleus: anatomical, neurophysiological, and outcome correlations with the effects of
- 21 stimulation. *J Neurol Neurosurg Psychiatry* 72: 53–58
- 22 Le Jeune F, Drapier D, Bourguignon A, Péron J, Mesbah H, Drapier S, Sauleau P, Haegelen C, Travers D, Garin
- 23 E, Malbert CH, Millet B, Vérin M. 2009. Subthalamic nucleus stimulation in Parkinson disease induces
- 24 apathy: a PET study. *Neurology* 73(21): 1746–51.
- 25 Le Jeune F, Péron J, Biseul I, Fournier S, Sauleau P, Drapier S, Haegelen C, Drapier D, Millet B, Garin E, Herry
- 26 J-Y, Malbert C-H, Vérin M. 2008. Subthalamic nucleus stimulation affects orbitofrontal cortex in facial
- 27 emotion recognition: a PET study. *Brain* 131: 1599–1608
- 28 Lee Ji Yeoun, Han Jung Ho, Kim Han Joon, Jeon Beom Seok, Kim Dong Gyu, Paek Sun Ha. 2008. STN DBS of
- 29 Advanced Parkinson's Disease Experienced in a Specialized Monitoring Unit with a Prospective Protocol.
- 30 *J Korean Neurosurg Soc* 44 : 26–35, 2008
- 31 Lee JY, Jeon BS, Paek SH, Lim YH, Kim MR, Kim C. 2009. Reprogramming guided by the fused images of
- 32 MRI and CT in subthalamic nucleus stimulation in Parkinson disease. *Clin Neurol Neurosurg* 112(1): 47–
- 33 53
- 34 Lefaucheur J-P, Gurruchaga J-M, Pollin B, von Raison F, Mohsen N, Shin M, Ménard-Lefaucheur I, Oshino S,
- 35 Kishima H, Fénelon G, Rémy P, Cesaro P, Gabriel I, Brugières P, Keravel Y, Nguyen J-P. 2008. Outcome
- 36 of Bilateral Subthalamic Nucleus Stimulation in the Treatment of Parkinson's Disease: Correlation with
- 37 Intra-Operative Multi-Unit Recordings but Not with the Type of Anaesthesia. *Eur Neurol* 60: 186–199
- 38 Lévesque MF, Taylor S, Rogers R, Le MT, Swope D. 1999. Subthalamic stimulation in Parkinson's disease.
- 39 Preliminary results. *Movement Disorders* 72: 170–173
- 40 Lezcano E, Gomez-Esteban JC, Zarranz JJ, Lambarri I, Madoz P, Bilbao G, Pomposo I, Garibi J. 2004.
- 41 Improvement in quality of life in patients with advanced Parkinson's disease following bilateral deep-
- 42 brain stimulation in subthalamic nucleus. *European Journal of Neurology* 2004, 11: 451–454
- 43 Liang GS, Chou KL, Baltuch GH, Jaggi JL, Loveland-Jones C, Leng L, Maccarone H, Hurtig HI, Colcher A,
- 44 Stern MB, Kleiner-Fisman G, Simuni T, Siderowf AD. 2006. Long-Term Outcomes of Bilateral
- 45 Subthalamic Nucleus Stimulation in Patients with Advanced Parkinson's Disease. *Stereotact Funct*
- 46 *Neurosurg* 84: 221–227
- 47 Lim SY, O'Sullivan SS, Kotschet K, Gallagher DA, Lacey C, Lawrence AD, Lees AJ, O'Sullivan DJ, Peppard
- 48 RF, Rodrigues JP, Schrag A, Silberstein P, Tisch S, Evans AH. 2009. Dopamine dysregulation syndrome,
- 49 impulse control disorders and punding after deep brain stimulation surgery for Parkinson's disease. *J Clin*
- 50 *Neurosci*. 16(9): 1148–52
- 51 Limousin P, Greene J, Pollak P, Rothwell J, Benabid A-L, Frackowiak R. 1997. Changes in Cerebral Activity
- 52 Pattern Due to Subthalamic Nucleus or Internal Pallidum Stimulation in Parkinson's Disease. *Annals of*
- 53 *Neurology* 42(3):283–291
- 54 Limousin P, Krack P, Pollak P, Benazzouz A, Ardouin C, Hoffmann D, Benabid A-L. 1998. Electrical
- 55 stimulation of the subthalamic nucleus in advanced Parkinson's Disease. *Lancet* 339(16): 1105–1111
- 56 Limousin P, Pollak P, Benazzouz A, Hoffmann D, Le Bas JF, Broussolle E, Perret JE, Benabid AL. 1995. Effect
- 57 on parkinsonian signs and symptoms of bilateral subthalamic nucleus stimulation. *Lancet* 345(8942):91–5.
- 58 Linazasoro G. 2003. Subthalamic deep brain stimulation for advanced Parkinson's disease: All that glitters is not
- 59 gold. *Journal of Neurology, Neurosurgery & Psychiatry* 74(6): 827
- 60 Liu W, McIntire K, Kim SH, Zhang J, Dascalos S, Lyons KE, Pahwa R. 2006. Bilateral subthalamic stimulation
- improves gait initiation in patients with Parkinson's disease. *Gait & Posture* 23: 492–498
- Lopiano L, Rizzone M, Bergamasco B, Tavella A, Torre E, Perozzo P, Lanotte M. 2002. Deep brain stimulation
- of the subthalamic nucleus in PD: an analysis of the exclusion causes. *Journal of the Neurological*
- Sciences* 195: 167–170

- 1
- 2
- 3 Lopiano L, Rizzone M, Bergamasco B, Taveila A, Torre E, Perozzo P, Valentini MC, Lanotte M. 2001. Deep
- 4 brain stimulation of the subthalamic nucleus: Clinical effectiveness and safety. *Neurology* 56(4): 552–554
- 5 Lu C, Bharmal A, Suchowersky O. 2006. Gambling and Parkinson Disease. *Arch Neurol* 63: 298
- 6 Ludwig J, Remien P, Guballa C, Binder A, Binder S, Schattschneider J, Herzog J, Volkmann J, Deuschl G,
- 7 Wasner G, Baron R. 2007. Effects of subthalamic nucleus stimulation and levodopa on the autonomic
- 8 nervous system in Parkinson's disease. *Journal of Neurology, Neurosurgery & Psychiatry* 78(7): 742–5
- 9 Lueke Ulrike, Schwarz Michaela, Hertel Frank, Schweiger Elisabeth, Wittling Werner. 2008. Impaired
- 10 performance on the Wisconsin Card Sorting Test under left– when compared to right–sided deep brain
- 11 stimulation of the subthalamic nucleus in patients with Parkinson's disease. *J Neurol* 255:1940–1948
- 12 Lyons KE, Davis JT, Pahwa R. 2007. Subthalamic nucleus stimulation in Parkinson's disease patients intolerant
- 13 to levodopa. *Stereotactic and Functional Neurosurgery* 85(4): 169–174
- 14 Lyons KE, Koller WC, Wilkinson SB. 2001. Long term safety and efficacy of unilateral deep brain stimulation
- 15 of the thalamus for parkinsonian tremor. *Journal of Neurology, Neurosurgery & Psychiatry* 71(5): 682–
- 16 684
- 17 Lyons KE, Pahwa R. 2005. Long–term benefits in quality of life provided by bilateral subthalamic stimulation in
- 18 patients with Parkinson disease. *Journal of Neurosurgery* 103(2): 252–255
- 19 Lyons KE, Wilkinson SB, Overman J, Pahwa R. . 2004. Surgical and hardware complications of subthalamic
- 20 stimulation: a series of 160 procedures. . *Neurology* 63: 612–16.
- 21 Macia F, Perlemonne C, Coman I, Guehl D, Burbaud P, Cuny E, Gin H, Rigalleau V, Tison F. 2004. Parkinson's
- 22 disease patients with bilateral subthalamic deep brain stimulation gain weight. *Mov Disord* 19: 206–12.
- 23 Martínez–Martín P, Valdeoriola F, Tolosa E, Pilleri M, Molinuevo JL, Rumià J, Ferrer E. 2002. Bilateral
- 24 Subthalamic Nucleus Stimulation and Quality of Life in Advanced Parkinson's Disease. *Movement*
- 25 *Disorders* 17(2): 372–377
- 26 Meissner W, Schreiter D, Volkmann J, Trottenberg T, Schneider GH, Sturm V, Deuschl G, Kupsch A. 2005.
- 27 Deep brain stimulation in late stage Parkinson's disease: a retrospective cost analysis in Germany. *J Neurol*
- 28 252(2):218–23.
- 29 Merello M, Tenca S, Perez Lloret S, Martin ME, Bruno V, Cavanagh S, Antico J, Cerquetti D, Leiguarda R.
- 30 2008. Prospective randomized 1–year follow–up comparison of bilateral subthalamotomy versus bilateral
- 31 subthalamic stimulation and the combination of both in Parkinson's disease patients: a pilot study. *British*
- 32 *Journal of Neurosurgery* 22(3): 415–422
- 33 Mikos A, Zahodne L, Okun MS, Foote K, Bowers D. 2009. Cognitive declines after unilateral deep brain
- 34 stimulation surgery in Parkinson's disease: a controlled study using Reliable Change, part II. *Clin*
- 35 *Neuropsychol* 24(2): 235–45
- 36 Minguez–Castellanos A, Escamilla–Sevilla F, Katati MJ, Martín–Linares JM, Meersmans M, Ortega–Moreno A,
- 37 Arjona V. 2005. Different patterns of medication change after subthalamic or pallidal stimulation for
- 38 Parkinson's disease: target related effect or selection bias?. *J Neurol Neurosurg Psychiatry* 76:34–39
- 39 Molinuevo JL, Valdeoriola F, Tolosa E, Rumià J, Valls–Sole J, Roldan H, Ferrer E. 2000. Levodopa
- 40 Withdrawal After Bilateral Subthalamic Nucleus Stimulation in Advanced Parkinson Disease. *Arch*
- 41 *Neurol* 57: 983–988
- 42 Montaurier C, Morio B, Bannier S, Derost P, Arnaud P, Brandolini–Bunlon M, Giraudet C, Boirie Y, Durif F.
- 43 2007. Mechanisms of body weight gain in patients with Parkinson's disease after subthalamic stimulation.
- 44 *Brain: A Journal of Neurology* 130(7): 1808–1818
- 45 Montel S, Bungener RC. 2009. Coping and quality of life of patients with Parkinson disease who have
- 46 undergone deep brain stimulation of the subthalamic nucleus. *Surgical Neurology* 72(2): 105–111
- 47 Montel Sebastien, Bungener Catherine. 2008. What Relation Is There Between Deep Brain Stimulation and
- 48 Coping Strategies in Parkinson's Disease?. *Movement Disorders* 23(12): 1780–1784
- 49 Moreau C, Defebvre L, Destee A, Bleuse S, Clement F, Blatt JL, Krystkowiak P, Devos D. 2008. STN–DBS
- 50 frequency effects on freezing of gait in advanced Parkinson disease. *Neurology* 71: 80–84
- 51 Moretti R, Torre P, Antonello RM, Capus L, Marsala SZ, Cattaruzza T, Gazzato G, Bava A. 2003.
- 52 Neuropsychological changes after subthalamic nucleus stimulation: a 12 month follow–up in nine patients
- 53 with Parkinson's disease. *Parkinsonism & Related Disorders* 10(2): 73–79
- 54 Moro E, Esselink RJ, Benabid AL, Pollak P. 2002. Response to levodopa in parkinsonian patients with bilateral
- 55 subthalamic nucleus stimulation. . *Brain* 125: 2408–17.
- 56 Moro E, Scerrati M, Romito LM, Roselli R, Tonali P, Albanese A. 1999. Chronic subthalamic nucleus
- 57 stimulation reduces medication requirements in Parkinson's disease. *Neurology* 53(1):85–90.
- 58 Morrison CE, Borod JC, Perrine K, Beric A, Brin MF, Rezai A, Kelly P, Sterio D, Germano I, Weisz D, Olanow
- 59 CW. 2004. Neuropsychological functioning following bilateral subthalamic nucleus stimulation in
- 60 Parkinson's disease. *Archives of Clinical Neuropsychology* 19: 165–181
- Muniz AM, Liu H, Lyons KE, Pahwa R, Liu W, Nobre FF, Nadal J. 2009. Comparison among probabilistic
- neural network, support vector machine and logistic regression for evaluating the effect of subthalamic
- stimulation in Parkinson disease on ground reaction force during gait. *J Biomech* 43(4): 720–6

- 1
- 2
- 3 Novak KE, Nenonene EK, Bernstein LP, Vergenz S, Medalle G, Prager JM, Eller TW, Cozzens JW, Rezak M.
- 4 2006. Two cases of ischemia associated with subthalamic nucleus stimulator implantation for advanced
- 5 Parkinson's disease. *Mov Disord* 21: 1477–83.
- 6 Novak P, Klemp JA, Ridings LW, Lyons KE, Pahwa R, Nazzaro JM. 2009. Effect of deep brain stimulation of
- 7 the subthalamic nucleus upon the contralateral subthalamic nucleus in Parkinson disease. *Neurosci Lett*
- 8 463(1): 12–6
- 9 Novakova L, Ruzicka E, Jech R, Serranova T, Dusek P, Urgosik D. 2007. Increase in body weight is a non–
- 10 motor side effect of deep brain stimulation of the subthalamic nucleus in Parkinson's disease.
- 11 *Neuroendocrinology Letters* 28(1): 21–25
- 12 Oh MY, Abosch A, Kim SH, Lang AE, Lozano AM. 2002. Long–term hardware–related complications of deep
- 13 brain stimulation. *Neurosurgery* 50: 1268–76.
- 14 Okun MS, Fernandez HH, Wu SS, Kirsch–Darrow L, Bowers D, Bova F, Suelter M, Jacobson CE, Wang X,
- 15 Gordon CW, Zeilman P, Romrell J, Martin P, Ward H, Rodriguez RL, Foote KD. 2009. Cognition and
- 16 mood in Parkinson's disease in subthalamic nucleus versus globus pallidus interna deep brain stimulation:
- 17 the COMPARE trial. *Annals of Neurology* 65(5): 586–95
- 18 Okun MS, Green J, Saben R, Gross R, Foote KD, Vitek JL. 2003. Mood changes with deep brain stimulation of
- 19 STN and GPi: Results of a pilot study. *Journal of Neurology, Neurosurgery & Psychiatry* 74(11): 1584–
- 20 1586
- 21 Okun MS, Tagliati M, Pourfar M, Fernandez HH, Rodriguez RL, Alterman RL, Foote KD. 2005. Management
- 22 of referred deep brain stimulation failures: A retrospective analysis from 2 Movement Disorders Centers.
- 23 *Archives of Neurology Arch. Neurol.* 62(8): 1250–1255
- 24 Ory–Magne F, Brefel–Courbon C, Simonetta–Moreau M, Fabre N, Lotterie JA, Chaynes P, Berry I, Lazorthes
- 25 Y, Rascol O. 2007. Does ageing influence deep brain stimulation outcomes in Parkinson's disease?.
- 26 *Movement Disorders* 22(10): 1457–1463
- 27 Østergaard K, Sunde N, Dupont E. 2002. Effects of Bilateral Stimulation of the Subthalamic Nucleus in Patients
- 28 with Severe Parkinson's Disease and Motor Fluctuations. *Movement Disorders* 17(4): 693–700
- 29 Østergaard K, Sunde NA. 2006. Evolution of Parkinson's Disease During 4 Years of Bilateral Deep Brain
- 30 Stimulation of the Subthalamic Nucleus. *Movement Disorders* 21(5): 624–631
- 31 O'Sullivan D, Pell M. 2009. Long–term follow–up of DBS of thalamus for tremor and STN for Parkinson's
- 32 disease. *Brain Research Bulletin* 78(2–3): 119–121
- 33 Pahwa R, Wilkinson SB, Overman J, Lyons KE. 2003. Bilateral subthalamic stimulation in patients with
- 34 Parkinson disease: long–term follow up. *Journal of Neurosurgery* 99(1): 71–77
- 35 Paluzzi A, Belli A, Bain P, Liu X, Aziz TM. . 2006. Operative and hardware complications of deep brain
- 36 stimulation for movement disorders. *Br J Neurosurg* 20: 290–95.
- 37 Panikar D, Kishore A. 2003. Deep brain stimulation for Parkinson's disease. *Neurology India* 51(2): 167–75
- 38 Patel NK, Plaha P, O'Sullivan K, McCarter R, Heywood P, Gill SS. 2003. MRI directed bilateral stimulation of
- 39 the subthalamic nucleus in patients with Parkinson's disease. *J Neurol Neurosurg Psychiatry* 74: 1631–
- 40 1637
- 41 Peppe A, Pierantozzi M, Bassi A, Altibrandi MG, Brusa L, Stefani A, Stanzione P, Mazzone P. 2004.
- 42 Stimulation of the subthalamic nucleus compared with the globus pallidus internus in patients with
- 43 Parkinson disease. *J Neurosurg* 101: 195–200
- 44 Peron J, Biseul I, Leray E, Le jeune F, Drapier D, Vicente S, Drapier S, Sauleau P, Haegelen C, Vérin M. 2009.
- 45 Subthalamic nucleus stimulation affects fear and sadness recognition in Parkinson's disease.
- 46 *Neuropsychology* 24(1): 1–8 (ePub 2009)
- 47 Péron J, Grandjean D, Le Jeune F, Sauleau P, Haegelen C, Drapier D, Rouaud T, Drapier S, Vérin M. 2009.
- 48 Recognition of emotional prosody is altered after subthalamic nucleus deep brain stimulation in
- 49 Parkinson's disease. *Neuropsychologia* 48(4): 1053–1062. Epub 2009
- 50 Perozzo PM, Rizzone M, Bergamasco B, Castelli L, Lanotte M, Tavella A, Torre E, Lopiano L. 2001. Deep
- 51 brain stimulation of the subthalamic nucleus in Parkinson's disease: comparison of pre– and postoperative
- 52 neuropsychological evaluation. *Journal of the Neurological Sciences* 192: 9–15
- 53 Perozzo PM, Rizzone M, Bergamasco B, Castelli L, Lanotte M, Tavella A, Torre E, Lopiano L. 2001. Deep
- 54 brain stimulation of subthalamicus nucleus: behavioral modifications and familiar relations. *Neurol Sci* 22:
- 55 81–82
- 56 Perriol M–P, Krystkowiak P, Defebvre L, Blond S, Destee A, Dujardin K. 2006. Stimulation of the subthalamic
- 57 nucleus in Parkinson's disease: Cognitive and affective changes are not linked to the motor outcome.
- 58 *Parkinsonism and Related Disorders* 12: 205–210
- 59 Piboolnurak P, Lang AE, Lozano AM, Miyasaki JM, Saint–Cyr JA, Poon Y–Y, Hutchison WD, Dostrovsky JO,
- 60 Moro E. 2007. Levodopa Response in Long–Term Bilateral Subthalamic Stimulation for Parkinson's
- Disease. *Movement Disorders* 22(7): 990–997
- Pilitsis JG, Rezai AR, Boulis NM, Henderson JM, Busch RM, Kubu CS. 2005. A preliminary study of transient
- confusional states following bilateral subthalamic stimulation for Parkinson's disease. *Stereotactic and*
- Functional Neurosurgery* 83(2–3): 67–70

- 1
- 2
- 3 Pillon B, Ardouin C, Damier P, Krack P, Houeto JL, Klinger H, Bonnet AM, Pollak P, Benabid AL, Agid Y.
- 4 2000. Neuropsychological changes between “off” and “on” STN or GPi stimulation in Parkinson’s
- 5 disease. *Neurology* 55: 411–418
- 6 Pinter MM, Alesch F, Murg M, Seiwald M, Hellscher RJ, Binder H. 1999. Deep brain stimulation of the
- 7 subthalamic nucleus for control of extrapyramidal features in advanced idiopathic parkinson's disease: one
- 8 year follow-up. *J Neural Transm* 106(7–8):693–709.
- 9 Pinto S, Gentil M, Fraix V, Benabid AL, Pollak P. 2003. Bilateral subthalamic stimulation effects on oral force
- 10 control in Parkinson's disease. *J Neurol* 250(2): 179–87.
- 11 Pinto S, Thobois S, Costes N, Le Bars D, Benabid A–L, Broussolle E, Pollak P, Gentil M. 2004. Subthalamic
- 12 nucleus stimulation and dysarthria in Parkinson's disease: a PET study. *Brain* 127: 602–615
- 13 Plaha P, Ben–Shlomo Y, Patel NK, Gill SS. 2006. Stimulation of the caudal zona incerta is superior to
- 14 stimulation of the subthalamic nucleus in improving contralateral parkinsonism. *Brain* 129: 1732–1747
- 15 Pollak P, Fraix V, Krack P, Moro E, Mendes A, Chabardes S, Koudsie A, Benabid A–L. 2002. Treatment
- 16 results: Parkinson's disease. *Movement Disorders* 17 supp 3 S75–S83
- 17 Porat O, Cohen OS, Schwartz R, Hassin–Baer S. . 2009. Association of preoperative symptom profile with
- 18 psychiatric symptoms following subthalamic nucleus stimulation in patients with Parkinson's disease. *J*
- 19 *Neuropsychiatry Clin Neurosci* 21(4): 398–405
- 20 Portman AT, van Laar T, Staal MJ, Rutgers AWF, Journee HL, Leenders KL. 2006. Chronic stimulation of the
- 21 subthalamic nucleus increases daily on–time without dyskinesia in advanced Parkinson’s disease.
- 22 *Parkinsonism and Related Disorders* 12: 143–148
- 23 Pützer M, Barry WJ, Moringlane JR, Fuss G, Spiegel J, Dillmann U, Sittinger H. 2003. Effect of deep brain
- 24 stimulation on glottal phonation in patients with Parkinson's disease and multiple sclerosis. *Folia*
- 25 *Phoniatria et Logopedica* 55(5): 220–32
- 26 Ray NJ, Jenkinson N, Brittain J, Holland P, Joint C, Nandi D, Bain PG, Yousif N, Green A, Stein JS, Aziz TZ.
- 27 2009. The role of the subthalamic nucleus in response inhibition: evidence from deep brain stimulation for
- 28 Parkinson's disease. *Neuropsychologia* 47(13): 2828–34. Epub 2009
- 29 Rivaud–Péchoux S, Vermersch A–I, Gaymard B, Ploner CJ, Bejjani BP, Damier P, Demeret S, Agid Y, Pierrot–
- 30 Deseilligny C. 2000. Improvement of memory guided saccades in parkinsonian patients by high frequency
- 31 subthalamic nucleus stimulation. *J Neurol Neurosurg Psychiatry* 68: 381–384
- 32 Rizzone M, Ferrarin M, Pedotti A, Bergamasco B, Bosticco E, Lanotte M, Perozzo P, Tavella A, Torre E,
- 33 Recalcati M, Melcarne A, Lopiano L. 2002. High–frequency electrical stimulation of the subthalamic
- 34 nucleus in Parkinson’s disease: kinetic and kinematic gait analysis. *Neurol Sci* 23: S103–S104
- 35 Robertson LT, Horak FB, Anderson VC, Burchiel KJ, Hammerstad JP. 2001. Assessments of Axial Motor
- 36 Control during Deep Brain Stimulation in Parkinsonian Patients. *Neurosurgery* 48(3): 544–552
- 37 Rodriguez–Oroz MC, Obeso JA, Lang AE, Houeto JL, Pollak P, Rehnrcrona S, Kulisevsky J, Albanese A,
- 38 Volkmann J, Hariz MI, Quinn NP, Speelman JD, Guridi J, Zamarbide I, Gironell A, Molet J, Pascual–
- 39 Sedano B, Pidoux B, Bonnet AM, Agid Y, Xie J, Benabid A–L, Lozano AM, Saint–Cyr J, Romito L,
- 40 Contarino MF, Scerrati M, Fraix V, Van Blercom N. 2005. Bilateral deep brain stimulation in Parkinson's
- 41 disease: A multicentre study with 4 years follow-up. *Brain: A Journal of Neurology* 128(10): 2240–2249
- 42 Rodriguez–Oroz MC, Zamarbide I, Guridi J, Palmero MR, Obeso JA. 2004. Efficacy of deep brain stimulation
- 43 of the subthalamic nucleus in Parkinson’s disease 4 years after surgery: double blind and open label
- 44 evaluation. *J Neurol Neurosurg Psychiatry* 75: 1382–1385.
- 45 Romito L, Scerrati M, Contarino MF, Bentivoglio AR, Tonali P, Albanese A. 2002. Long–term follow up of
- 46 subthalamic nucleus stimulation in Parkinson’s disease. *Neurology* 58(10): 1546–1550
- 47 Romito LM, Contarino FM, Albanese A. 2009. Transient gender–related effects in Parkinson's disease patients
- 48 with subthalamic stimulation. *J Neurol* 257(4): 603–8. Epub 2009
- 49 Romito LMA, Contarino MF, Ghezzi D, Franzini A, Garavaglia B, Albanese A. 2005. High frequency
- 50 stimulation of the subthalamic nucleus is efficacious in Parkin disease. *Journal of Neurology* 252(2): 208–
- 51 211
- 52 Rothlind JC, Cockshott RW, Starr PA, Marks WJ Jr. 2007. Neuropsychological performance following staged
- 53 bilateral pallidoral subthalamic nucleus deep brain stimulation for Parkinson’s disease. . *J Int Neuropsychol*
- 54 *Soc* 13: 68–79.
- 55 Rousseaux M, Krystkowiak P, Kozłowski O, Özsanca C, Blond S, Destée A. 2004. Effects of subthalamic
- 56 nucleus stimulation on parkinsonian dysarthria and speech intelligibility. *J Neurol* 251: 327–334
- 57 Sailer A, Cunic DI, Paradiso GO, Gunraj CA, Wagle–Shukla A, Moro E, Lozano AM, Lang AE, Chen R. 2007.
- 58 Subthalamic nucleus stimulation modulates afferent inhibition in Parkinson disease. *Neurology* 68(5):
- 59 356–363.
- 60 Saint–Cyr JA, Trépanier LL, Kumar R, Lozano AM, Lang AE. 2000. Neuropsychological consequences of
- chronic bilateral stimulation of the subthalamic nucleus in Parkinson's disease. *Brain* 123 2091–2108
- Samii A, Kelly VE, Slimp JC, Shumway–Cook A, Goodkin R. . 2007. Staged unilateral versus bilateral
- subthalamic nucleus stimulator implantation in Parkinson disease. . *Mov Disord* 22: 1476–81.

Santens P, De Letter M, Van Borsel J, De Reuck J, Caemaert J. 2003. Lateralized effects of subthalamic nucleus stimulation on different aspects of speech in Parkinson's disease. *Brain and Language* 87: 253–258

Sauleau P, Leray E, Rouaud T, Drapier S, Drapier D, Blanchard S, Drillet G, Péron J, Verin M. 2009. Comparison of weight gain and energy intake after subthalamic versus pallidal stimulation in Parkinson's disease. *Mov Disord* 24(14): 2149–55.

Sauleau P, Raoul S, Lallement F, Rivier I, Drapier S, Lajat Y, Verin M. 2005. Motor and non motor effects during intraoperative subthalamic stimulation for Parkinson's disease. *J Neurol* 252(4):457–64

Schadt CR, Cox KL, Tramontana MG, Byrne DW, Davis TL, Fang JY, Konrad PE, Padaliya B, Mutter RW, Gill CE, Richardson CR, Charles PD. 2006. Depression and Intelligence in Patients with Parkinson's Disease and Deep-Brain Stimulation. *Journal of the National Medical Association* 98(7): 1121–1125

Schneider F, Habel U, Volkmann J, Regel S, Kornischka J, Sturm V, Freund HJ. 2003. Deep brain stimulation of the subthalamic nucleus enhances emotional processing in Parkinson disease. *Archives of General Psychiatry* 60(3): 296–302

Schoenberg MR, Mash KM, Bharucha KJ, Francel PC, Scott JG. 2008. Deep Brain Stimulation Parameters Associated with Neuropsychological Changes in Subthalamic Nucleus Stimulation for Refractory Parkinson's Disease. *Stereotact Funct Neurosurg* 86: 337–344

Schroeder U, Kuehler A, Haslinger B, Erhard P, Fogel W, Tronnier VM, Lange KM, Boeckner H, Ceballos-Baumann AO. 2002. Subthalamic nucleus stimulation affects striato-anterior cingulate cortex circuit in a response conflict task: a PET study. *Brain* 125: 1995–2004

Schroeder U, Kuehler A, Hennenlotter A, Haslinger B, Tronnier VM, Krause M, Pfister R, Sprengelmeyer R, Lange KW, Ceballos-Baumann AO. 2004. Facial expression recognition and subthalamic nucleus stimulation. *J Neurol Neurosurg Psychiatry* 75: 648–650.

Schroeder U, Kuehler A, Lange KW, Haslinger B, Tronnier VM, Krause M, Pfister R, Boecker H, Ceballos-Baumann AO. 2003. Subthalamic Nucleus Stimulation Affects a Frontotemporal Network: A PET Study. *Annals of Neurology* 54(4): 445–450

Schüpbach M, Gargiulo M, Welter ML, Mallet L, Behar C, Houeto JL, Maltete D, Mesnage V, Agid Y. 2006. Neurosurgery in Parkinson disease. A distressed mind in a repaired body? *Neurology* 66:1811–1816

Schüpbach MWM, Welter ML, Bonnet AM, Elbaz A, Grossardt BR, Mesnage V, Houeto JL, Maltête D, Mallet L, Rocca WA, Mallet A, Agid Y. 2007. Mortality in patients with Parkinson's disease treated by stimulation of the subthalamic nucleus. *Movement Disorders* 22(2): 257–261

Schüpbach WM, Maltête D, Houeto JL, Tezenas du Montcel S, Mallet L, Welter ML, Gargiulo M, Béhar C, Bonnet AM, Czernecki V, Pidoux B, Navarro S, Dormont D, Cornu P, Agid Y. 2007. Neurosurgery at an earlier stage of Parkinson disease: a randomized, controlled trial. *Neurology* 68(4): 267–71

Schüpbach WMM, Chastan N, Welter ML, Houeto JL, Mesnage V, Bonnet AM, Czernecki V, Maltete D, Hartmann A, Mallet L, Pidoux B, Dormont D, Navarro S, Cornu P, Mallet A, Agid Y. 2005. Stimulation of the subthalamic nucleus in Parkinson's disease: A 5 year follow up. *Journal of Neurology, Neurosurgery & Psychiatry* 76(12): 1640–1644

Scotto di Luzio AE, Ammannati F, Marini P, Sorbi S, Mennonna P. 2001. Which target for DBS in Parkinson's disease? Subthalamic nucleus versus globus pallidus internus. *Neurol Sci* 22: 87–88

Seif C, Herzog J, van der Horst C, Schrader B, Volkmann J, Deuschl G, Juenemann K-P, Braun PM. 2004. Effect of subthalamic deep brain stimulation on the function of the urinary bladder. *Ann Neurol* 55: 118–20.

Seijo FJ, Alvarez-Vega MA, Gutierrez JC, Fdez-Glez F, Lozano B. 2007. Complications in subthalamic nucleus stimulation surgery fortreatment of Parkinson's disease. Review of 272 procedures. *Acta Neurochir (Wien)* 149: 867–75.

Siderowf A, Jaggi JL, Xie SX, Loveland-Jones C, Leng L, Hurtig H, Colcher A, Stern M, Chou KL, Liang G, Maccarone H, Simuni T, Baltuch G. 2006. Long-Term Effects of Bilateral Subthalamic Nucleus Stimulation on Health-Related Quality of Life in Advanced Parkinson's Disease. *Movement Disorders* 21(6): 746–753

Sillay KA, Larson PS, Starr PA. 2008. Deep brain stimulator hardware-related infections: incidence and management in a large series. *Neurosurgery* 62: 360–67

Simonin C, Tir M, Devos D, Kreisler A, Dujardin K, Salleron J, Delval A, Blond S, Defebvre L, Destée A, Krystkowiak P. 2009. Reduced levodopa-induced complications after 5 years of subthalamic stimulation in Parkinson's disease: a second honeymoon. *J Neurol* 256(10): 1736–41

Simuni T, Jaggi JL, Mulholland H, Hurtig HI, Colcher A, Siderof AD, Ravina B, Skolnick BE, Goldstein R, Stern MB, Baltuch GH. 2002. Bilateral stimulation of the subthalamic nucleus in patients with Parkinson disease: a study of efficacy and safety. *J Neurosurg* 96: 666–672

Slowinski JL, Putzke JD, Uitti RJ, Lucas JA, Turk MF, Kall BA, Wharen RE. 2007. Unilateral deep brain stimulation of the subthalamic nucleus for Parkinson disease. *Journal of Neurosurgery* 106(4): 626–632

Smeding HM, Esselink RA, Schmand B, Koning-Haanstra M, Nijhuis I, Wijnalda EM, Speelman JD. 2005. Unilateral pallidotomy versus bilateral subthalamic nucleus stimulation in PD—a comparison of neuropsychological effects. *Journal of Neurology* 252(2): 176–82

- 1
- 2
- 3 Smeding HMM, Speelman JD, Koning-Haanstra M, Schuurman PR, Nijssen P, van Laar T, Schmand B. 2006.
- 4 Neuropsychological effects of bilateral STN stimulation in Parkinson disease. A controlled study.
- 5 Neurology 66: 1830–1836
- 6 Soulas T, Gurruchaga J–M, Palfi S, Cesaro P, Nguyen J–P, Fenelon G. 2008. Attempted and completed suicides
- 7 after subthalamic nucleus stimulation for Parkinson's disease. J Neurol Neurosurg Psychiatry 79: 952–954
- 8 Spottke EA, Volkmann J, Lorenz D, Krack P, Smala AM, Sturm V, Gerstner A, Berger K, Hellwig D, Deuschl
- 9 G, Freund HJ, Oertel WH, Dodel RC. 2002. Evaluation of healthcare utilization and health status of
- 10 patients with Parkinson's disease treated with deep brain stimulation of the subthalamic nucleus. J Neurol
- 11 249: 759–766
- 12 Starr PA, Christine CW, Theodosopoulos PV, Lindsey N, Byrd D, Mosley A, Marks Jr. WJ. 2002. Implantation of
- 13 deep brain stimulators into the subthalamic nucleus: technical approach and magnetic resonance imaging–
- 14 verified lead locations. J Neurosurg 97: 370–387
- 15 Stefani A, Lozano AM, Peppe A, Stanzione P, Galati S, Tropepi D, Pierantozzi M, Brusa L, Scarnati E, Mazzone
- 16 P. 2007. Bilateral deep brainstimulation of the pedunculopontine and subthalamic nuclei in severe
- 17 Parkinson's disease. Brain 130: 1596–607.
- 18 Stolze H, Klebe S, Poepping M, Lorenz D, Herzog J, Hamel W, Schrader B, Raethjen J, Wenzelburger R,
- 19 Mehdorn HM, Deuschl G, Krack P. 2001. Effects of bilateral subthalamic nucleus stimulation on
- 20 parkinsonian gait. Neurology 57: 144–146
- 21 Tabbal SD, Revilla FJ, Mink JW, Schneider–Gibson P, Wernle AR, de Erausquin GA, Permuter JS, Rich KM,
- 22 Dowling JL. 2007. Safety and efficacy of subthalamic nucleus deep brain stimulation performed with
- 23 limited intraoperative mapping for treatment of Parkinson's disease. Neurosurgery 61(3): 119–127
- 24 Tabbal SD, Ushe M, Mink JW, Revilla FJ, Wernle AR, Homg M, Karimi M, Perlmutter JS. 2008. Unilateral
- 25 subthalamic nucleus stimulation has a measurable ipsilateral effect on rigidity and bradykinesia in
- 26 parkinson disease. Experimental Neurology 211: 234–242
- 27 Tamma F, Rampini P, Egidi M, Caputo E, Locatelli M, Pesenti A, Chiesa V, Ardolino G, Foffani G, Meda B,
- 28 Pellegrini M, Priori A. 2003. Deep brain stimulation for Parkinson's disease: The experience of the
- 29 Policlinico–San Paolo Group in Milan. Neurological Sciences 24(Suppl1): S41–S42
- 30 Tanei T, Kajita Y, Kaneoko Y, Takebayashi S, Nakatsubo D, Wakabayashi T. 2009. Staged bilateral deep brain
- 31 stimulation of the subthalamic nucleus for the treatment of Parkinson's disease. Acta Neurochirurgica
- 32 151(6): 589–594.
- 33 Tanei T, Kajita Y, Nihashi T, Kaneoke Y, Takebayashi S, Nakatsubo D, Wakabayashi T. 2009. Changes in
- 34 regional blood flow induced by unilateral subthalamic nucleus stimulation in patients with Parkinson's
- 35 disease. Neurol Med Chir (Tokyo) 49(11): 507–13.
- 36 Tassorelli C, Buscone S, Sandrini G, Pacchetti C, Furnari A, Zangaglia R, Bartolo M, Nappi G, Martignoni E.
- 37 2009. The role of rehabilitation in deep brain stimulation of the subthalamic nucleus for Parkinson's
- 38 disease: a pilot study. Parkinsonism Relat Disord 15(9): 675–81
- 39 Tavella A, Bergamasco B, Bosticco E, Lanotte M, Perozzo P, Rizzone M, Torre E, Lopiano L. 2002. Deep brain
- 40 stimulation of the subthalamic nucleus in Parkinson's disease: long-term follow-up. Neurol Sci 23: S111–
- 41 S112
- 42 Temel Y, Ackermans L, Celik H, Spincemaille GH, van der Linden C, Walenkamp GH, van de Kar T, Visser–
- 43 Vandewalle V. 2004. Management of hardwareinfections following deep brain stimulation. . Acta
- 44 Neurochir (Wien) 146: 355–61.
- 45 Temperli P, Ghika J, Villemure JG, Burkhard PR, Bogousslavsky J, Vingerhoets FJ. 2003. How do parkinsonian
- 46 signs return after discontinuation of subthalamic DBS?. Neurology 60(1): 78–81
- 47 Thobois S, Mertens P, Guenot M, Hermier M, Mollion H, Bouvard M, Chazot G, Broussolle E, Sindou M. 2002.
- 48 Subthalamic nucleus stimulation in Parkinson's disease. Clinical evaluation of 18 patients. J Neurol 249:
- 49 529–534
- 50 Tir M, Devos D, Blond S, Touzet G, Reyns N, Duhamel A, Cottencrin O, Dujardin K, Cassim F, Destée A,
- 51 Defebvre L, Krystkowiak P. 2007. Exhaustive, one-year follow-up of subthalamic nucleus deep brain
- 52 stimulation in a large, single-center cohort of Parkinsonian patients. Neurosurgery 61(2): 297–304.
- 53 Tomaszewski KJ, Holloway RG. 2001. Deep brain stimulation in the treatment of Parkinson's disease: a cost–
- 54 effectiveness analysis. Neurology 57(4): 663–71
- 55 Tommasi G, Krack P, Fraix V, Le Bas J–F, Chabardes S, Benabid A–L, Pollak P. 2008. Pyramidal tract side
- 56 effects induced by deep brain stimulation of the subthalamic nucleus. J Neurol Neurosurg Psychiatry 79:
- 57 813–819
- 58 Törnqvist AL, Schalén L, Rehncrona S. 2005. Effects of different electrical parameter settings on the
- 59 intelligibility of speech in patients with Parkinson's disease treated with subthalamic deep brain
- 60 stimulation. Movement Disorders 20(4): 416–423
- Trachani E, Constantoyannis C, Sirrou V, Kefalopoulou Z, Markaki E, Chroni E. 2009. Effects of subthalamic
- nucleus deep brain stimulation on sweating function in Parkinson's disease. Clin Neurol Neurosurg 112(3):
- 213–7. Epub 2009

Trepanier LL, Kumar R, Lozano AM, Lang AE, Saint-Cyr JA. 2000. Neuropsychological Outcome of GPi Pallidotomy and GPi or STN Deep Brain Stimulation in Parkinson's Disease. *Brain and Cognition* 42, 324–347

Tripoliti E, Zrinzo L, Martinez-Torres I, Tisch S, Frost E, Borrell E, Hariz MI, Limousin P. 2008. Effects of contact location and voltage amplitude on speech and movement in bilateral subthalamic nucleus deep brain stimulation. *Movement Disorders* 23(16): 2377–2383

Tronnier VM, Krause M, Heck A, Kronenbürger M, Bonsnato MM, Tronnier J, Fogel W. 1999. Deep brain stimulation for the treatment of movement disorders. *Neurology Psychiatry and Brain Research* 6(4): 199–212

Tröster AI, Fields JA, Wilkinson S, Pahwa R, Koller WC, Lyons KE. 2003. Effect of motor improvement on quality of life following subthalamic stimulation is mediated by changes in depressive symptomatology. *Stereotactic and Functional Neurosurgery* 80(1–4): 43–47

Tsai ST, Lin SH, Lin S–Z, Chen J–Y, Lee C–W, Chen S–Y. 2007. Neuropsychological effects after chronic subthalamic stimulation and the topography of the nucleus in Parkinson's disease. *Neurosurgery* 61(5): 1024–1029

Umemura A, Jaggi JL, Hurtig HI, Siderowf AD, Colcher A, Stern MB, Baltuch GH. 2003. Deep brain stimulation for movement disorders: morbidity and mortality in 109 patients. *Journal of Neurosurgery* 98(4): 779–784

Valdeoriola F, Morsi O, Tolosa E, Rumià J, Martí MJ, Martínez-Martín P. 2007. Prospective comparative study on cost-effectiveness of subthalamic stimulation and best medical treatment in advanced Parkinson's disease. *Mov Disord* 22(15): 2183–91

Valdeoriola F, Pilleri M, Tolosa E, Molinuevo JL, Rumià J, Ferrer E. 2002. Bilateral Subthalamic Stimulation Monotherapy in Advanced Parkinson's Disease: Long-Term Follow-Up of Patients. *Movement Disorders* 17(1): 125–132

Varma TRK, Fox SH, Eldrige PR, Littlechild P, Byrne P, Forster A, Marshall A, Cameron H, McIver K, Fletcher N, Steiger M. 2003. Deep brain stimulation of the subthalamic nucleus: effectiveness in advanced Parkinson's disease patients previously reliant on apomorphine. *Journal of Neurology Neurosurgery and Psychiatry* 74(2): 170–174

Vesper J, Haak S, Ostertag C, Nikkhah G. 2007. Subthalamic nucleus deep brain stimulation in elderly patients – Analysis of outcome and complications. *BMC Neurology BMC Neurol.* 7

Vesper J, Klostermann F, Stockhammer F, Funk Th, Brock M. 2002. Results of chronic subthalamic nucleus stimulation for Parkinson's disease: a 1-year follow-up study. *Surg Neurol* 57: 306–313.

Vicente S, Biseul I, Péron J, Philippot P, Drapier S, Drapier D, Sauleau P, Haegelen C, Vérin M. 2009. Subthalamic nucleus stimulation affects subjective emotional experience in Parkinson's disease patients. *Neuropsychologia* 47(8–9): 1928–1937

Vingerhoets FJG, Villemure J–G, Temperli P, Pollo C, Pralong E, Ghika J. 2002. Subthalamic DBS replaces levodopa in Parkinson's disease. Two-year follow-up. *Neurology* 58:396–401

Visser–Vandewalle V, van der Linden C, Temel Y, Celik H, Ackermans L, Spincemaille G, Caemaert J. 2005. Long-term effects of bilateral subthalamic nucleus stimulation in advanced Parkinson disease: A four year follow-up study. *Parkinsonism & Related Disorders* 11(3): 157–165

Voges J, Hilker R, Bötzel K, Kiening KL, Kloss M, Kupsch A, Schnitzler A, Schneider GH, Steude U, Deuschl G, Pinski MO. 2007. Thirty days complication rate following surgery performed for deep-brain-stimulation. *Mov Disord* 22(10):1486–9.

Voges J, Waerzeggers Y, Maarouf M, Lehrke R, Koulousakis A, Lenartz D, Sturm V. 2006. Deep-brain stimulation:long-term analysis of complications caused by hardware andsurgery experiences from a single centre. *J Neurol Neurosurg Psychiatry* 77: 868–72.

Volkman J, Albanese A, Kulisevsky J, Tornqvist A–L, Houeto J–L, Pidoux B, Bonnet A–M, Mendes A, Benabid A–L, Fraix V, Van Blercom N, Xie J, Obeso J, Rodriguez–Oroz MC, Guridi J, Schnitzler A, Timmermann I, Gironell AA, Molet J, Pascual–Sedano B, Rehnrcrona SI, Moro E, Lang AC, Lozano AM, Bentivoglio AR, Scerrati M, Contarino MF, Romito L, Janssens M, Agid Y. 2009. Long-Term Effects of Pallidal or Subthalamic Deep Brain Stimulation on Quality of Life in Parkinson's Disease. *Movement Disorders* 24(8): 1154–1161

Volkman J, Allert N, Voges J, Weiss PH, Freund HJ, Sturm V. 2001. Safety and efficacy of pallidal or subthalamic nucleus stimulation in advanced PD. *Neurology* 56(4): 548–51

Voon V, Krack P, Lang AE, Lozano AM, Dujardin K, Schupbach M, D'Ambrosia J, Thobois S, Tamma F, Herzog J, Speelman JD, Samanta J, Kubu C, Rossignol H, Poon Y–Y, Saint-Cyr JA, Ardouin C, Moro E. 2008. A multicentre study on suicide outcomes following subthalamic stimulation for Parkinson's disease. *Brain* 131: 2720–2728

Voon V, Saint-Cyr J, Lozano AM, Moro E, Poon YY, Lang AE. 2005. Psychiatric symptoms in patients with Parkinson disease presenting for deep brain stimulation surgery. *Journal of Neurosurgery* 103: 246–251

Walker HC, Lyerly M, Cutter G, Hagood J, Stover NP, Guthrie SL, Guthrie BL, Watts RL. 2009. Weight changes associated with unilateral STN DBS and advanced PD. *Parkinsonism Relat Disord* 15(9): 709–11

- Walker HC, Watts RL, Guthrie S, Wang D, Guthrie BL. 2009. Bilateral effects of unilateral subthalamic deep brain stimulation on Parkinson's disease at 1 year. *Neurosurgery* 65(2): 302–9
- Wang J, Ma Y, Huang Z, Sun B, Guan Y, Zuo C. 2009. Modulation of metabolic brain function by bilateral subthalamic nucleus stimulation in the treatment of Parkinson's disease. *J Neurol* 257(1): 72–8. Epub 2009
- Wang X, Chang C, Geng N, Li N, Wang J, Ma J, Xue W, Zhao W, Wu H, Wang P, Gao G. 2009. Long-term effects of bilateral deep brain stimulation of the subthalamic nucleus on depression in patients with Parkinson's disease. *Parkinsonism Relat Disord* 15(8): 587–91
- Weaver FM, Follett K, Stern M, Hur K, Harris C, Marks WJ, Rothlind J, Sagher O, Reda D, Moy CS, Pahwa R, Burchiel K, Hogarth P, Lai EC, Duda JE, Holloway K, Samii A, Horn S, Bronstein J, Stoner G, Heemskerk J, Huang GD. 2009. Bilateral deep brain stimulation vs best medical therapy for patients with advanced Parkinson disease: a randomized controlled trial. *Journal of the American Medical Association* 301(1): 63–73
- Welter ML, Houeto JL, Tezenas du Montcel S, Mesnage V, Bonnet AM, Pillon B, Arnulf I, Pidoux B, Dormont D, Cornu P, Agid Y. 2002. Clinical predictive factors of subthalamic stimulation in Parkinson's disease. *Brain* 125: 575–583
- Whelan BM, Murdoch BE, Theodoros DG, Hall B, Silburn P. 2003. Defining a role for the subthalamic nucleus within operative theoretical models of subcortical participation in language. *J Neurol Neurosurg Psychiatry* 74(11):1543–50
- Wider C, Pollo C, Bloch J, Burkhard PR, Vingerhoets FJ. 2008. Long-term outcome of 50 consecutive Parkinson's disease patients treated with subthalamic deep brain stimulation. *Parkinsonism Relat Disord* 14(2): 114–9
- Winge K, Nielsen KK, Stimpel H, Lokkegaard A, Jensen SR, Werdelin L. 2007. Lower urinary tract symptoms and bladder control in advanced Parkinson's disease: effects of deep brain stimulation in the subthalamic nucleus. *Mov Disord* 22(2): 220–5
- Witjas T, Kaphan E, Régis J, Jouve E, Chérif AA, Péragut J-C, Azulay JP. 2007. Effects of chronic subthalamic stimulation on nonmotor fluctuations in Parkinson's disease. *Movement Disorders* 22(12): 1729–1734
- Witt K, Daniels C, Herzog J, Lorenz D, Volkmann J, Reiff J, Mehdorn M, Deuschl G, Krack P. 2006. Differential Effects of L-Dopa and Subthalamic Stimulation on Depressive Symptoms and Hedonic Tone in Parkinson's Disease. *The Journal of Neuropsychiatry and Clinical Neurosciences* 18: 397–401
- Witt K, Daniels C, Reiff J, Krack P, Volkmann J, Pinsker MO, Krause M, Tronnier V, Kloss M, Schnitzler A, Wojtecki L, Bötzel K, Danek A, Hilker R, Sturm V, Kupsch A, Karner E, Deuschl G. 2008. Neuropsychological and psychiatric changes after deep brain stimulation for Parkinson's disease: a randomised, multicentre study. *Lancet Neurol* 7: 605–14
- Witt K, Pulkowski U, Herzog J, Lorenz D, Hamel W, Deuschl G, Krack P. 2004. Deep Brain Stimulation of the Subthalamic Nucleus Improves Cognitive Flexibility but Impairs Response Inhibition in Parkinson Disease. *Arch Neurol* 61: 697–700
- Wojtecki L, Timmermann L, Jorgens S, Sudmeyer M, Maarouf M, Treuer H, Gross J, Lehrke R, Koulousakis A, Voges J, Sturm V, Schnitzler A. 2006. Frequency-Dependent Reciprocal Modulation of Verbal Fluency and Motor Functions in Subthalamic Deep Brain Stimulation. *Arch Neurol* 63: 1273–1276
- Xiaowu H, Xiufeng J, Xiaoping Z, Bin H, Laixing W, Yiqun C, Jinchuan L, Aiguo J, Jianmin L. 2009. Risks of intracranial hemorrhage in patients with Parkinson's disease receiving deep brain stimulation and ablation. *Parkinsonism Relat Disord* 16(2): 96–100. Epub 2009 Aug 13.
- Xie J, Krack P, Benabid AL, Pollak P. 2001. Effect of bilateral subthalamic nucleus stimulation on parkinsonian gait. *J Neurol* 248: 1068–72
- Yamada K, Hamasaki T, Kuratsu J. 2009. Subthalamic nucleus stimulation applied in the earlier vs. advanced stage of Parkinson's disease – retrospective evaluation of postoperative independence in pursuing daily activities. *Parkinsonism Relat Disord* 15(10): 746–51
- Yokoyama T, Sugiyama K, Nishizawa S, Yokota N, Ohta S, Uemura K. 1999. Subthalamic Nucleus Stimulation for Gait Disturbance in Parkinson's Disease. *Neurosurgery* Volume 45(1), July 1999, p 41
- York MK, Dulay M, Macias A, Levin HS, Grossman R, Simpson R, Jankovic J. 2008. Cognitive declines following bilateral subthalamic nucleus deep brain stimulation for the treatment of Parkinson's disease. *J Neurol Neurosurg Psychiatry* 79: 789–795
- York MK, Wilde EA, Simpson R, Jankovic J. 2009. Relationship between neuropsychological outcome and DBS surgical trajectory and electrode location. *J Neurol Sci* 287(1–2):159–71
- Yoshida F, Miyagi Y, Kishimoto J, Morioka T, Murakami N, Hashiguchi K, Samura K, Sakae N, Yamasaki R, Kawaguchi M, Sasaki T. 2009. Subthalamic Nucleus Stimulation Does Not Cause Deterioration of Preexisting Hallucinations in Parkinson's Disease Patients. *Stereotactic and Functional Neurosurgery* 87(1): 45–49
- Zahodne Laura B, Okun Michael S, Foote Kelly D, Fernandez Hubert H, Rodriguez Ramon L, Kirsch-Darrow Lindsey, Bowers Dawn. 2009. Cognitive decline one year after unilateral deep brain stimulation surgery in Parkinson's disease: A controlled Study using reliable change. *The Clinical Neuropsychologist*, 23: 385–405

Zahodne LB, Okun MS, Foote KD, Fernandez HH, Rodriguez RL, Wu SS, Kirsch-Darrow I, Jacobson IV CE, RosadCo, Bowers D. 2009. Greater improvement in quality of life following unilateral deep brain stimulation surgery in the globus pallidus as compared to the subthalamic nucleus. *Journal of Neurology* 256(8): 1321–1329

Zangaglia R, Pacchetti C, Pasotti C, Mancini F, Servello D, Sinforiani E, Cristina S, Sassi M, Nappi G. 2009. Deep brain stimulation and cognitive functions in Parkinson's disease: A three-year controlled study. *Mov Disord* 24(11):1621–8.

Zanini S, Melatini A, Capus L, Gioulis M, Vassallo A, Bava A. 2003. Language recovery following subthalamic nucleus stimulation in Parkinson's disease. *NeuroReport* 14 :511–516

Zanini S, Moschella V, Stefani A, Peppe A, Pierantozzi M, Galati S, Costa A, Mazzone P, Stanzione P. 2009. Grammar improvement following deep brain stimulation of the subthalamic and the pedunculopontine nuclei in advanced Parkinson's disease: a pilot study. *Parkinsonism Relat Disord* 15(8): 606–9

Zhang JG, Zhang K, Ma Y, Hu WH, Yang AC, Chu JS, Wu ST, Ge M, Zhang Y, Wang ZC. 2006. Follow-up of bilateral subthalamic deep brain stimulation for Parkinson's disease. *Acta Neurochir Suppl* 99: 43–47

Zheng Z, Li Y, Li J, Zhang Y, Zhang X, Zhuang P. 2009. Stimulation-induced dyskinesia in the early stage after subthalamic deep brain stimulation. *Stereotact Funct Neurosurg* 88(1):29–34. Epub 2009

Zibetti M, Pesare M, Cinquepalmi A, Rosso M, Castelli L, Rizzi L, Bergamasco B, Lanotte M, Lopiano L. 2009. Neuro-psychiatric therapy during chronic subthalamic stimulation in Parkinson's disease. *Parkinsonism & Related Disorders* 15(2): 128–133

Zibetti M, Torre E, Cinquepalmi A, Rosso M, Ducati A, Bergamasco B, Lanotte M, Lopiano L. 2007. Motor and nonmotor symptom follow-up in Parkinsonian patients after deep brain stimulation of the subthalamic nucleus. *European Neurology* 58(4): 218–223